

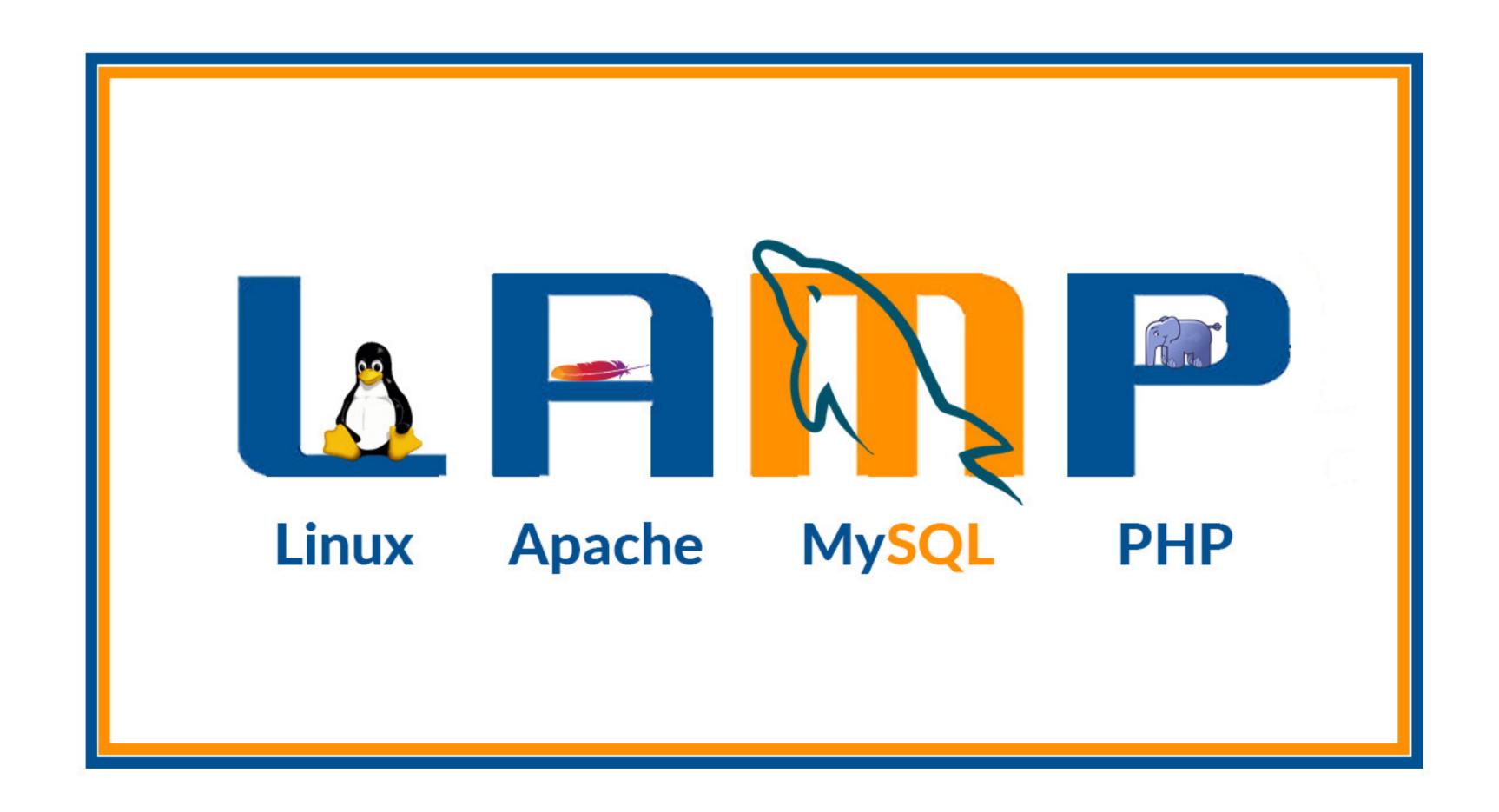
Developing Systems in Academia: The Good, the Bad, and the Not-so-Ugly Duckling





Backstory

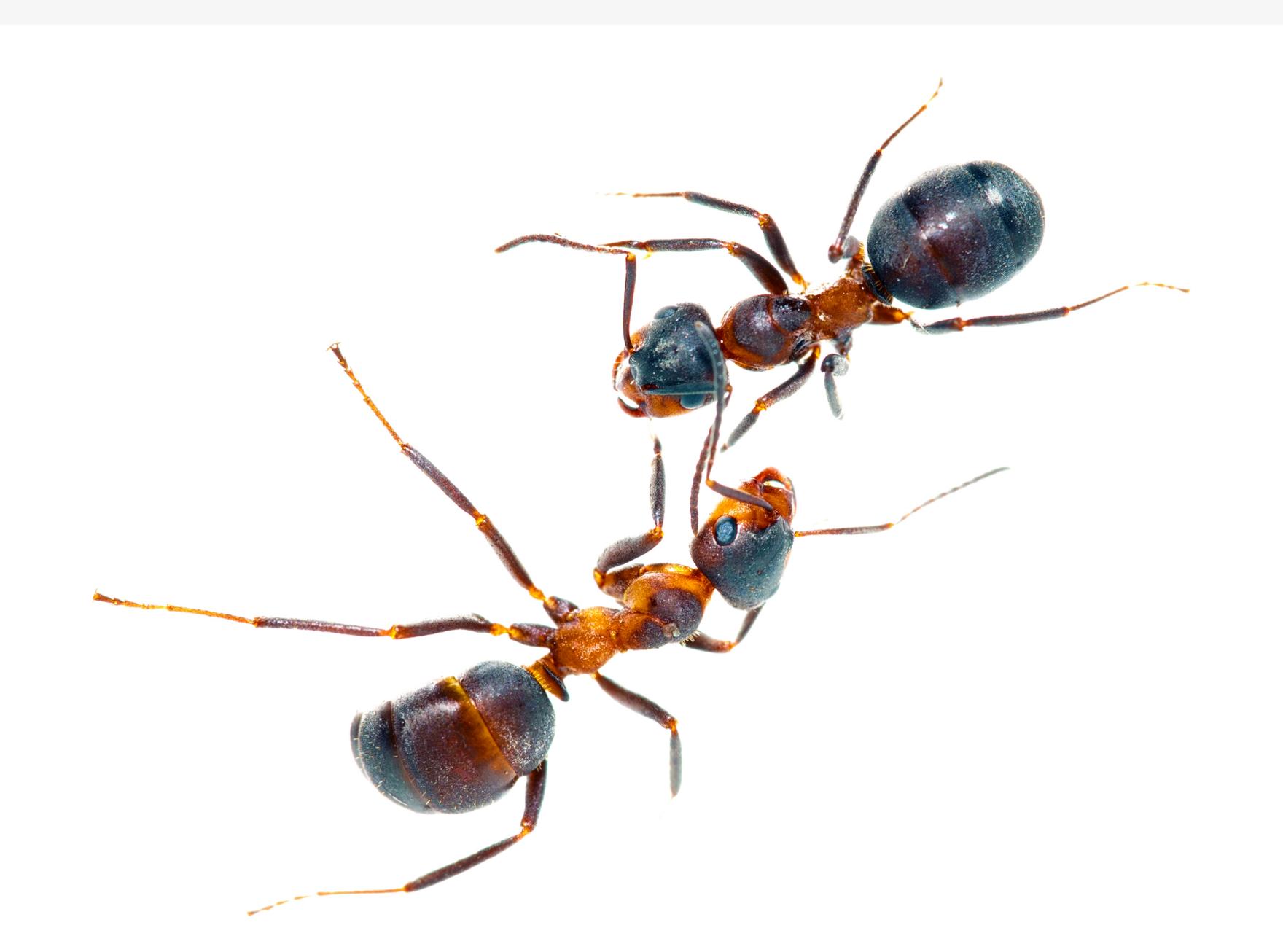






S Q L 1337







Accelerating Queries with Group-By and Join by Groupjoin

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ABSTRACT

Most aggregation queries contain both group-by and join operators, and spend a significant amount of time evaluating these two expensive operators. Merging them into one operator (the *groupjoin*) significantly speeds up query execution.

We introduce two main equivalences to allow for the merging and prove their correctness. Furthermore, we show experimentally that these equivalences can significantly speed up TPC-H.

The groupjoin is more than 20 years old. To the best of our knowledge, von Bültzingsloewen invented the groupjoin [19]. He named it outer aggregation. Thereafter, several new names were invented. For example, Nakano used the name general aggregate formation [16]. The reason might be that grouping is called aggregate formation by Klug [12]. Steenhagen, Apers, and Blanken introduced the name nestjoin [17]. Cluet and Moerkotte called it binary grouping [8]. Lately, Chatziantoniou, Akinde, Johnson, and Kim introduced the name MD-Join [5].

The groupjoin is quite versatile, and we strongly believe that no DBMS can do without it. For example, it has







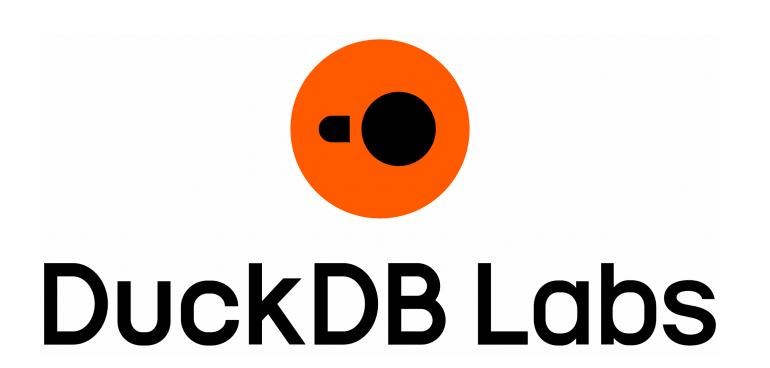
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Co-Founder & CEO

Professor



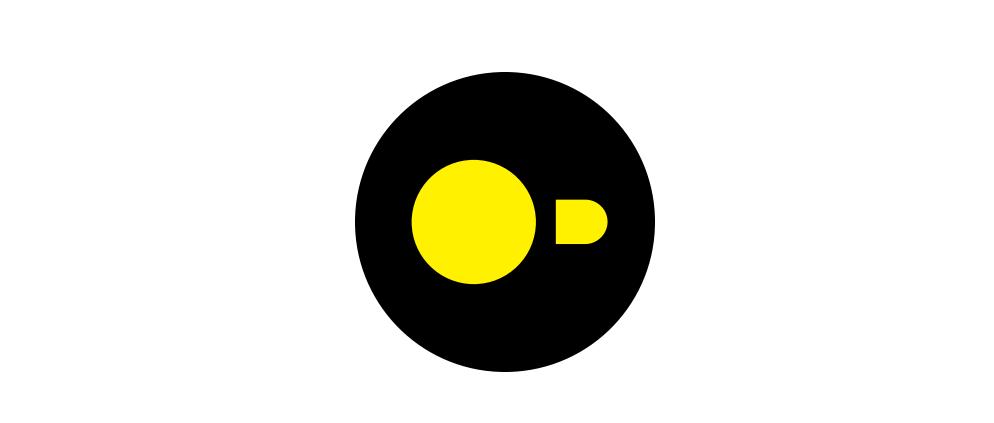










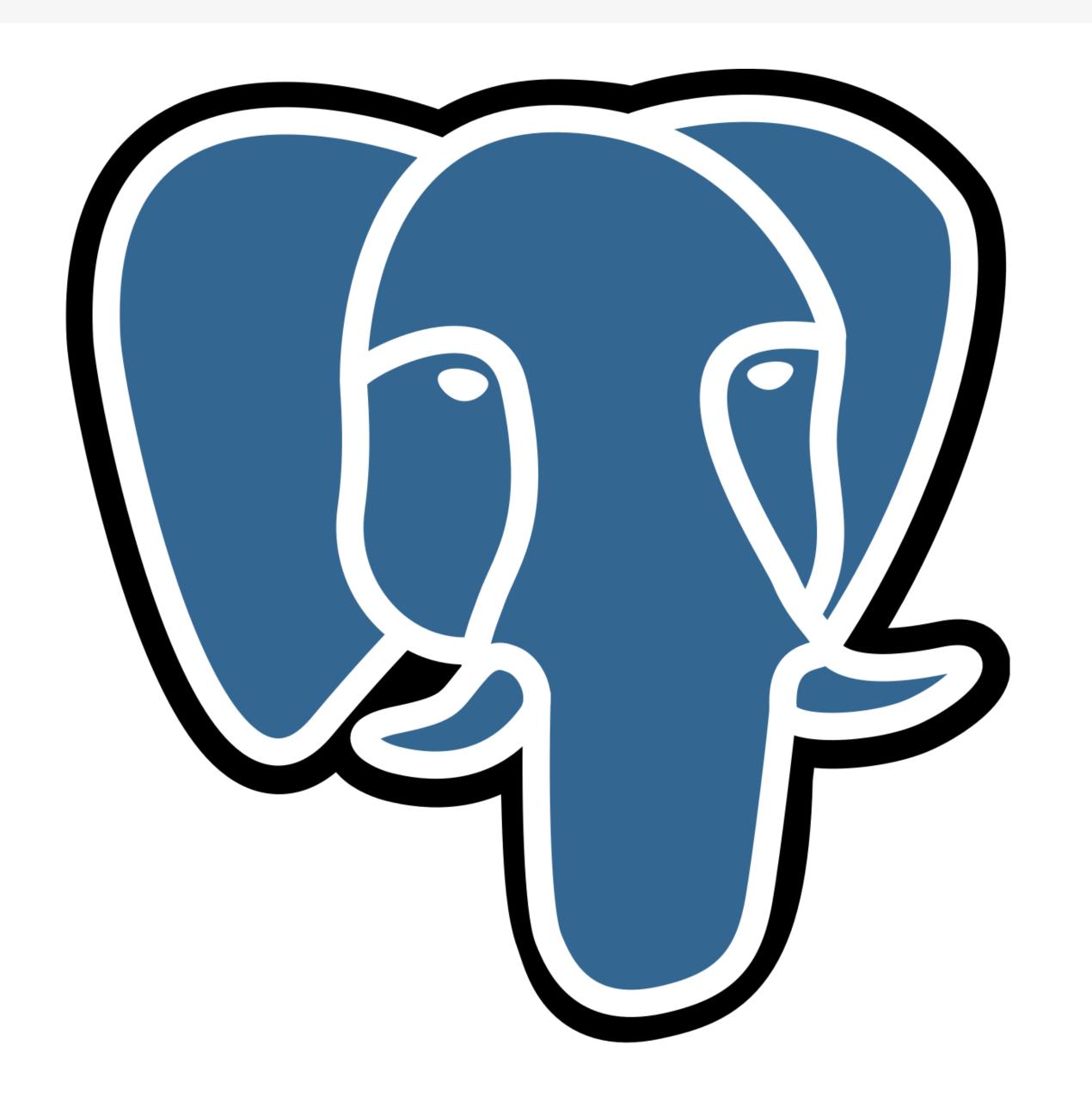






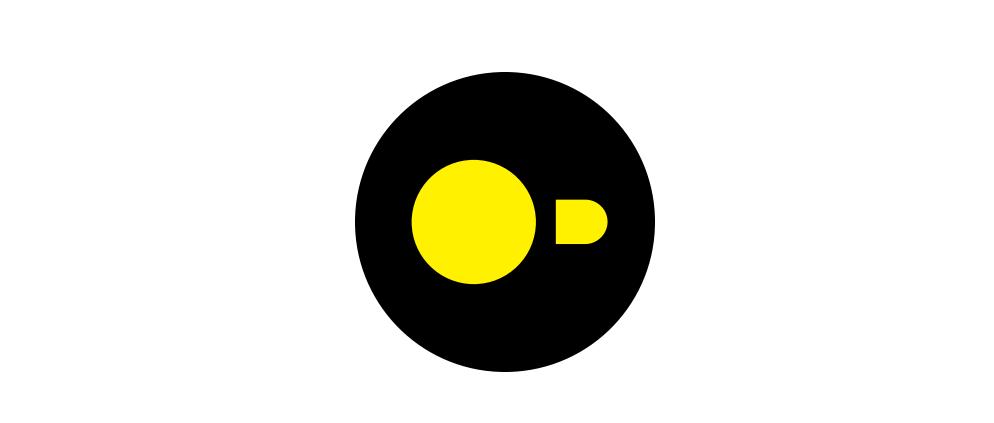
The Good







Impact





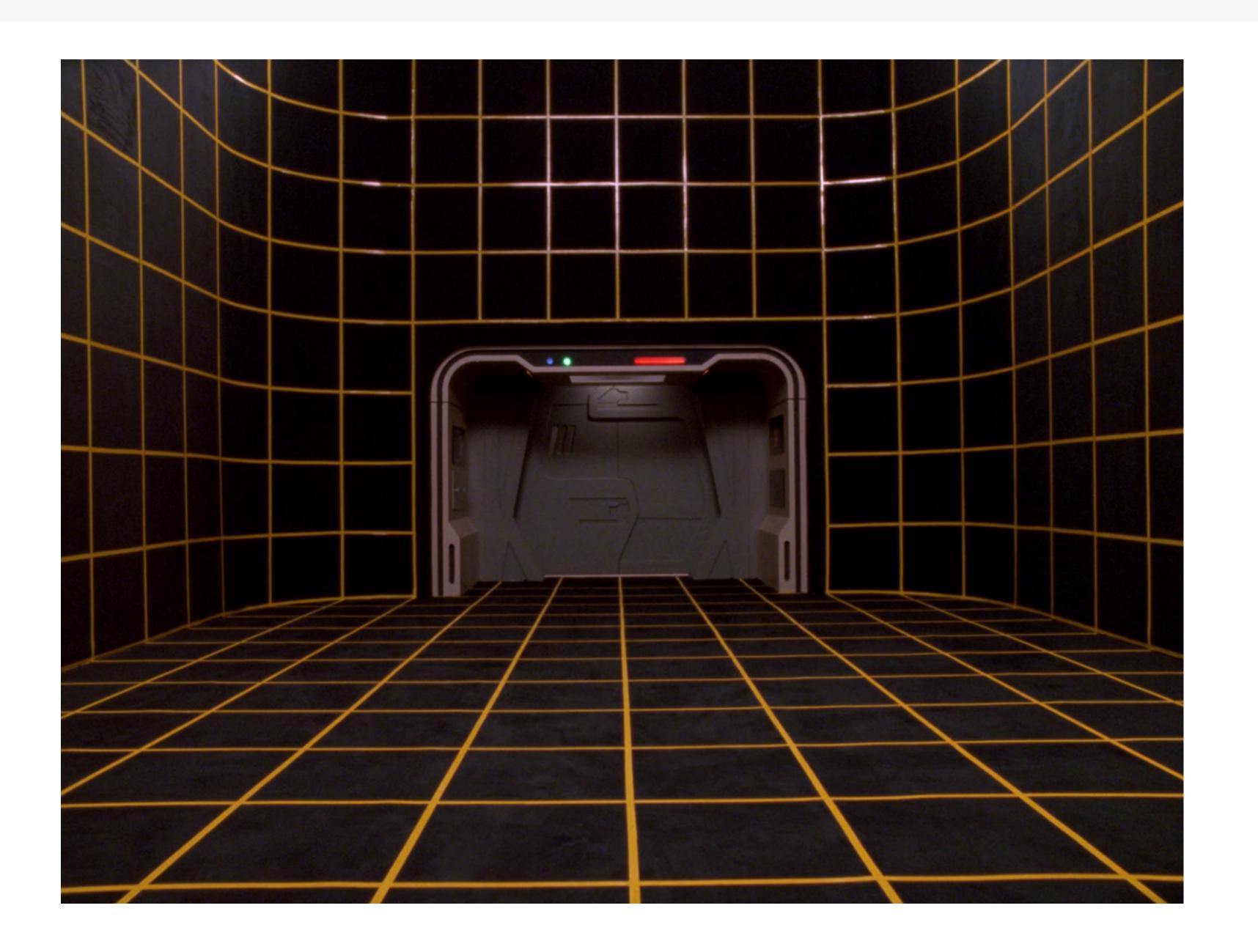
Hada Bad













Losing Game



Resistance



Career Gamble



Funding

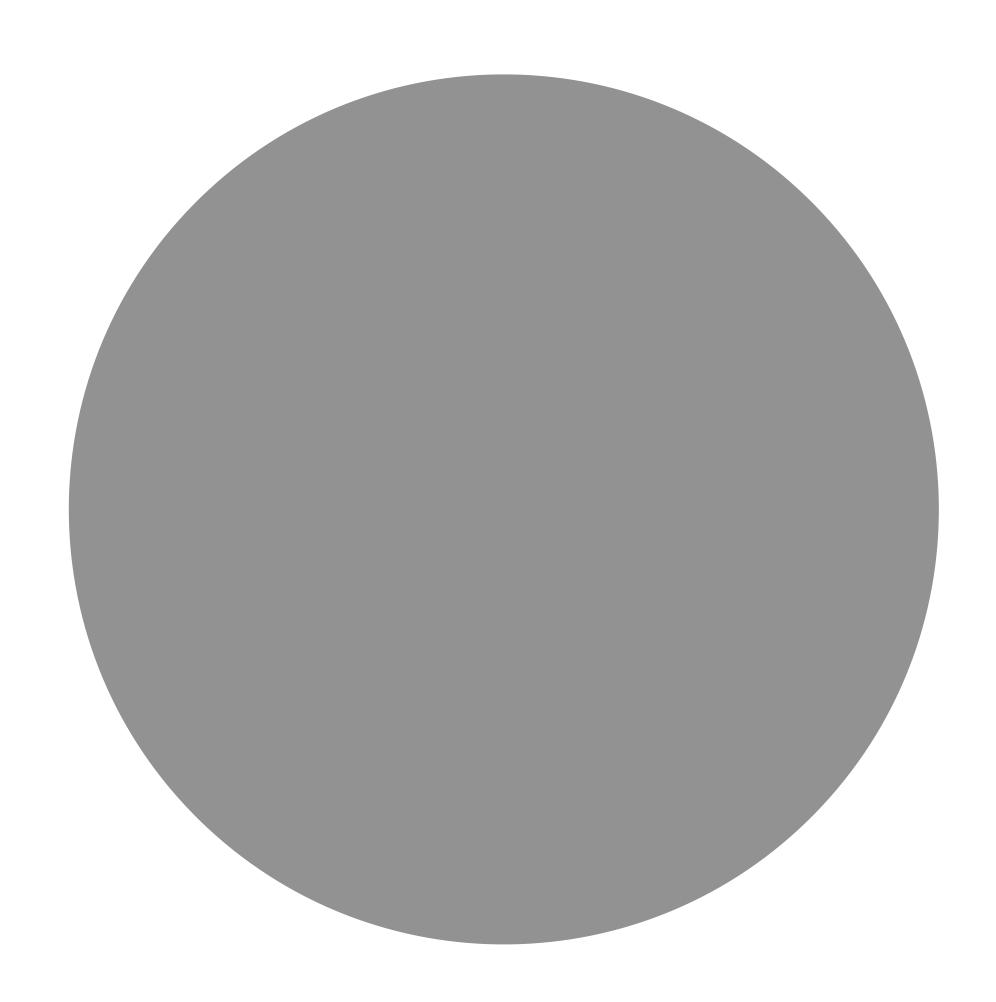


Recipe?

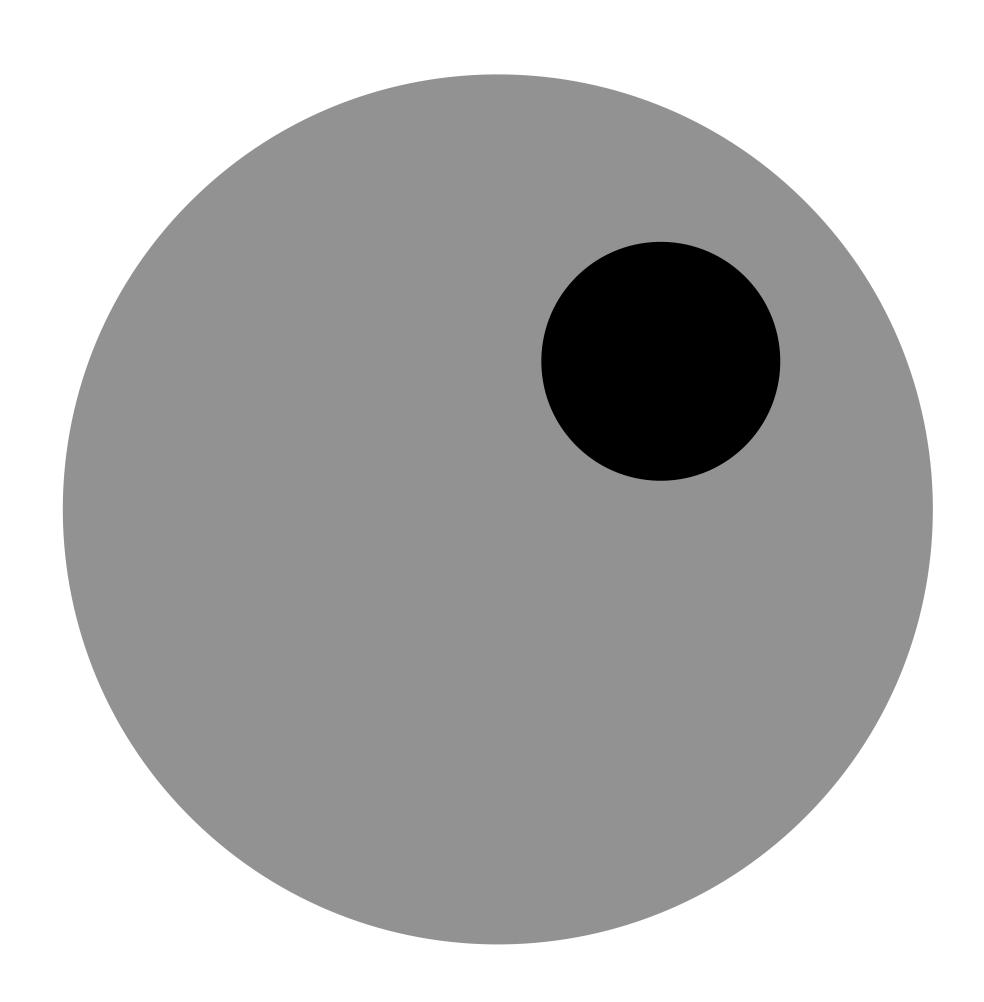


Weird Topics

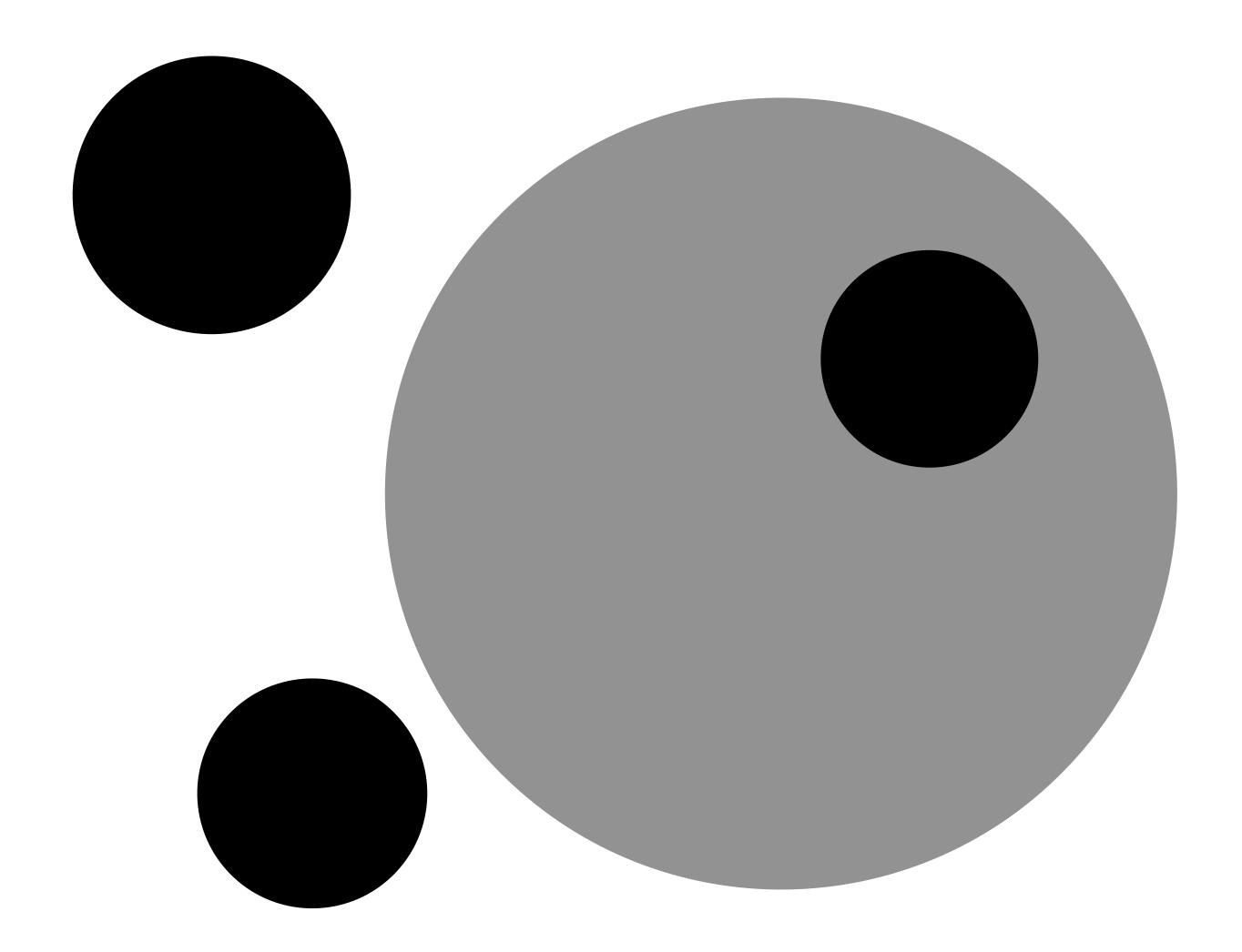














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Scope

The Journal of Statistical Software (JSS) publishes open-source software and corresponding reproducible scholary articles discussing all aspects of the design, implementation, documentation, application, evaluation, comparison, maintenance and distribution of software dedicated to improvement of state-of-the-art in statistical computing in all areas of empirical research. Open-source code and articles are jointly reviewed and published in this journal and should be accessible to a broad community of practitioners, teachers, and researchers in the field of statistics.

Types of Papers

JSS aims at publishing articles describing comprehensive open-source implementations of broad classes of statistical models and procedures or computational infrastructure upon which such implementations can be built. JSS evaluates and publishes software and articles as a unity. Full reproducibility is mandatory for publication and the source code is published along with the article. Articles describing a specific software implementation must present the scope of the software and the underlying models or concepts such that statistically literate readers can understand what the software does. A careful comparison with other open-source implementations of similar models or procedures should highlight the capabilities of all implementations and the corresponding advantages or disadvantages. A description of the design principles and the actual implementation is at the heart of an JSS article. The general analysis workflow must be illustrated by an enlighting non-trivial case study.

USS publishes special issues on topics in statistical computing and statistical software. Software described by articles

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Publisher: Foundation for Open Access Statistics **Editors-in-chief:** Bettina Grün, Torsten Hothorn,

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Board: Editorial Team ISSN: 1548-7660 CODEN: JSSOBK

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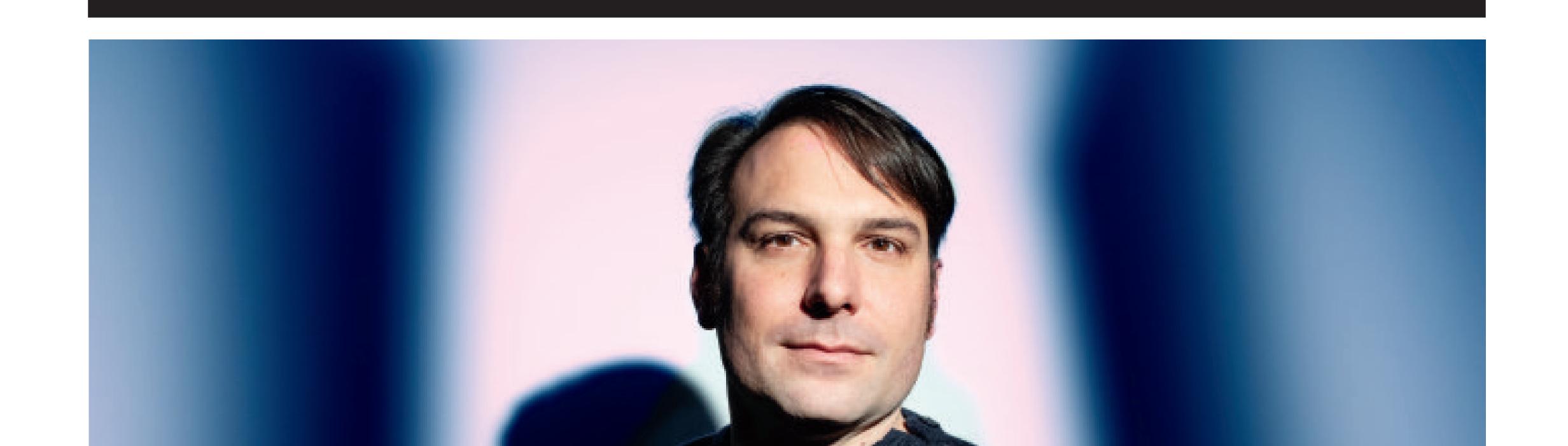
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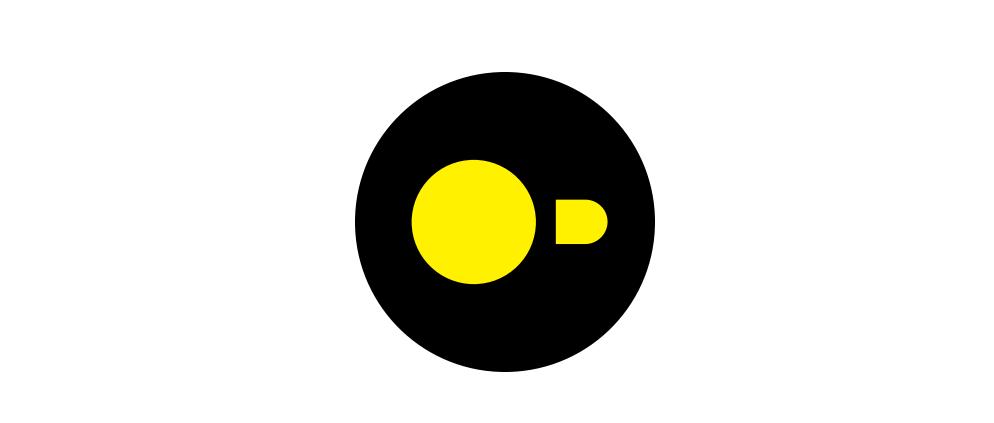
programmers are volunteers. Universität Innsbruck, Universität Zürich, and UCLA Statistics provide support



De Vonk

'Ik vind het niet ethisch als vooral investeerders profiteren van onze groei'







The Ugly





not-so-ugly

Ducking



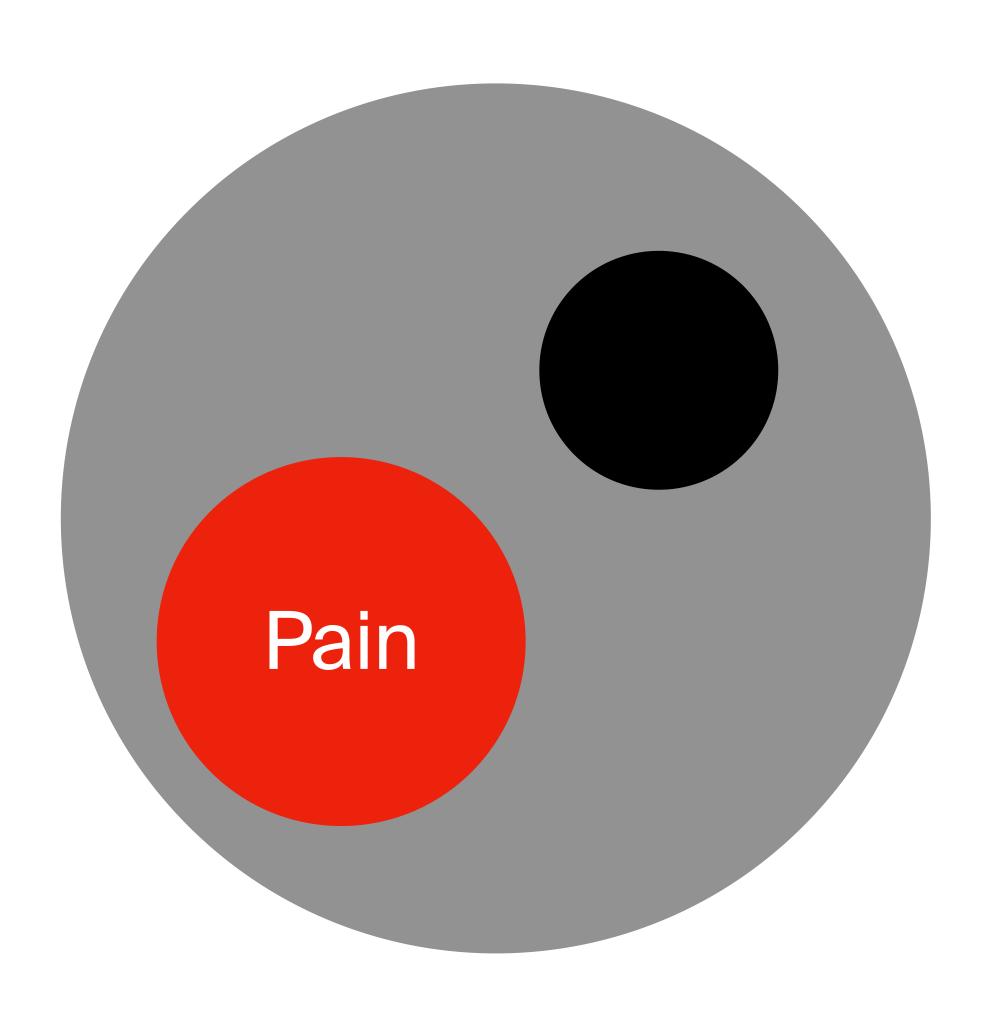






Seeing Pain







Treating Pain



Anomaly

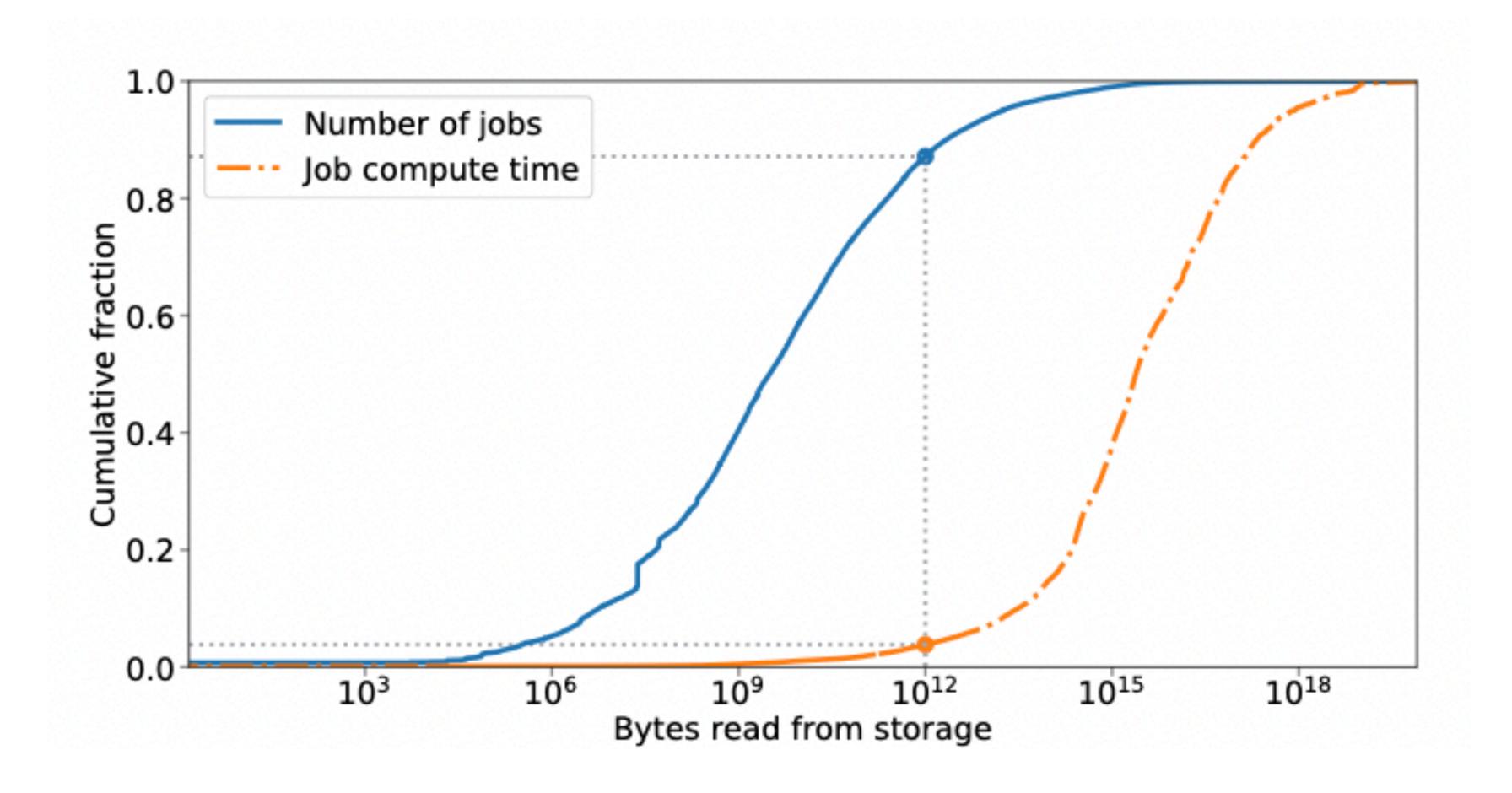


Long-Term



Single Node











Portfolio Team Focus Areas V Content V About Jobs Newsletters

Investing in MotherDuck

by Martin Casado and Jennifer Li

enterprise & SaaS • data infrastructure







Big data's roots are in the hyperscalers. As a result, most tooling we use for analytics today has been built around a scale-out approach where performance is sacrificed for the ability to handle enormous amounts of data. So although as an industry we're very good at building heavy machinery to clean, format, and process petabytes of data, for modestly smaller workloads the tool chain is tremendously complicated, slow, and unfit for purpose. (When we say modestly smaller, we're still referring to many terabytes of data, which is adequate for a large swath of analytics use cases.)



Little Things



Dependencies



Single File







Small* Footprint



Promotion







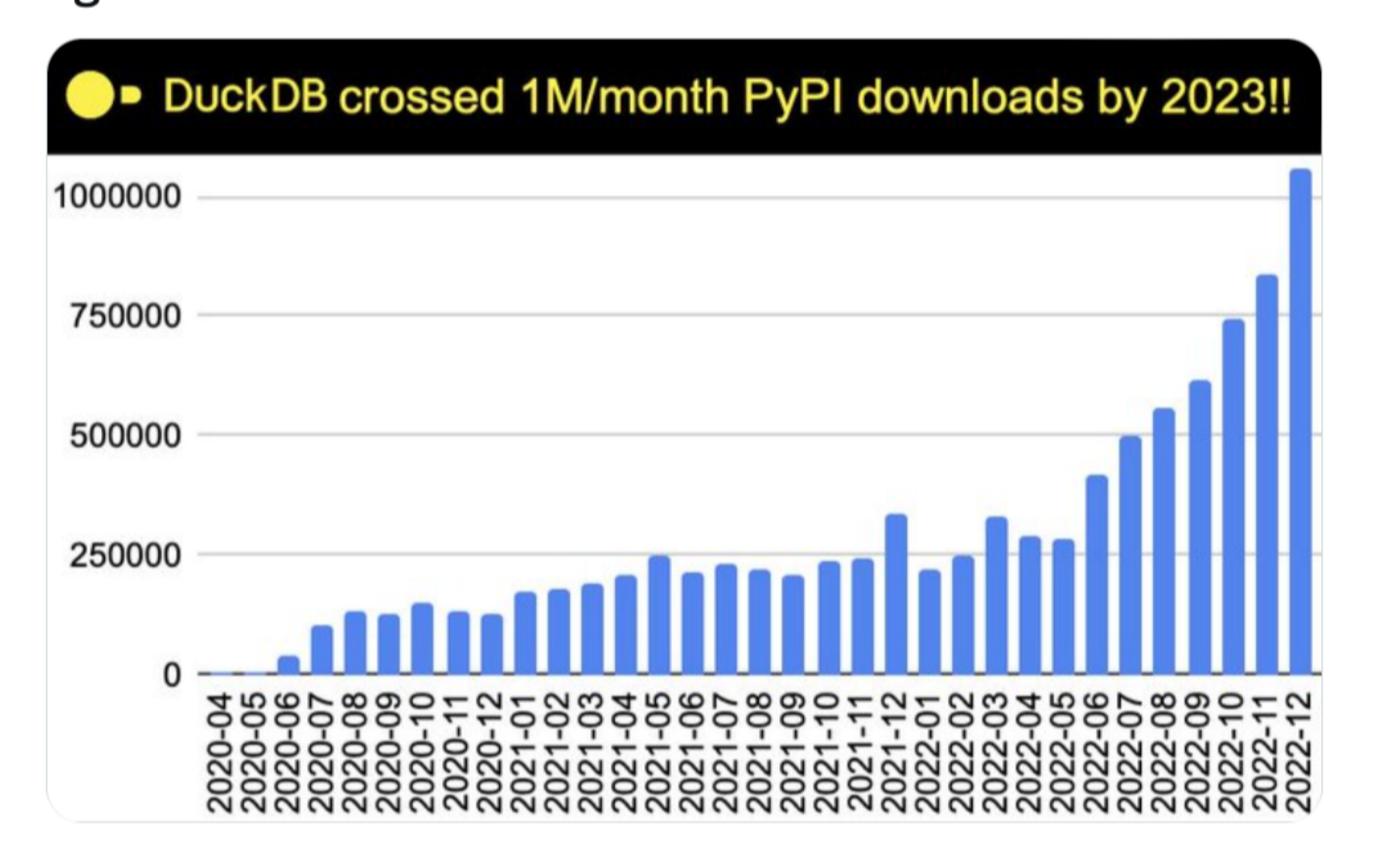
Outcome



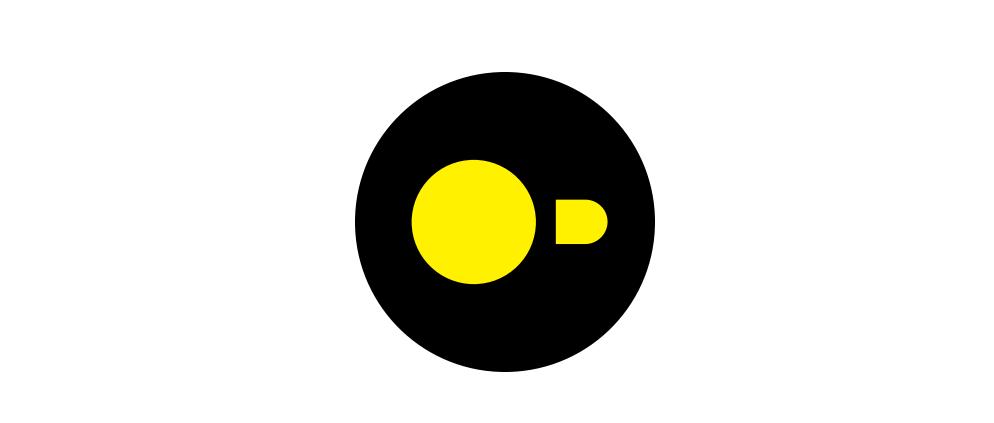
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Happy 2023, @duckdb team! Congrats on many things, including on exceeding adoption expectations yet again.



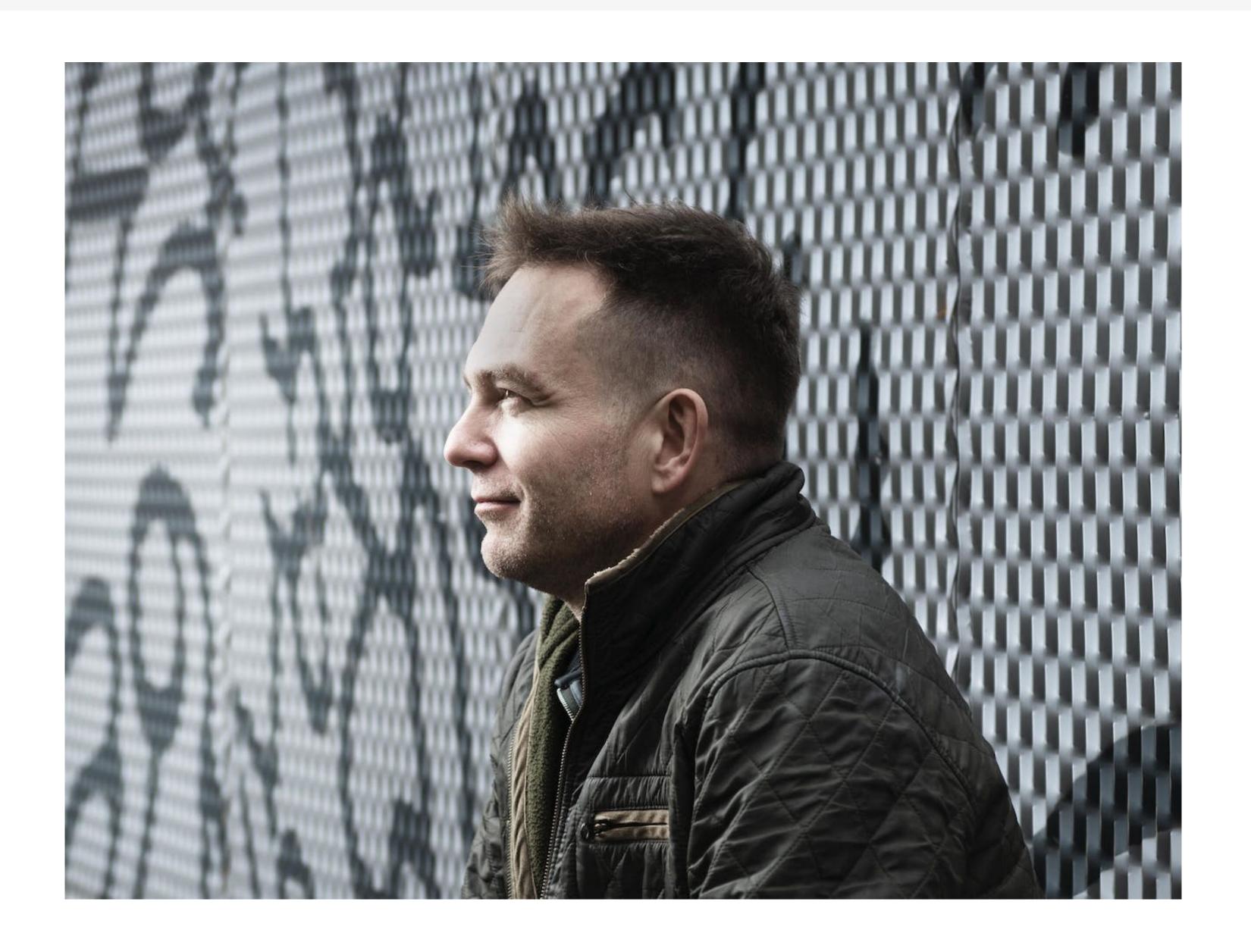
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- Pedro Holanda
- Laurens Kuiper
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- Sam Ansmink
- Tania Bogatsch
- Thijs Bruineman
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