



# **Overview of the CS Department and NODES: Mobile and 5G Research**

**Professor Sasu Tarkoma, Head of Department  
NODES Research Group  
22 March 2017**

# University of Helsinki

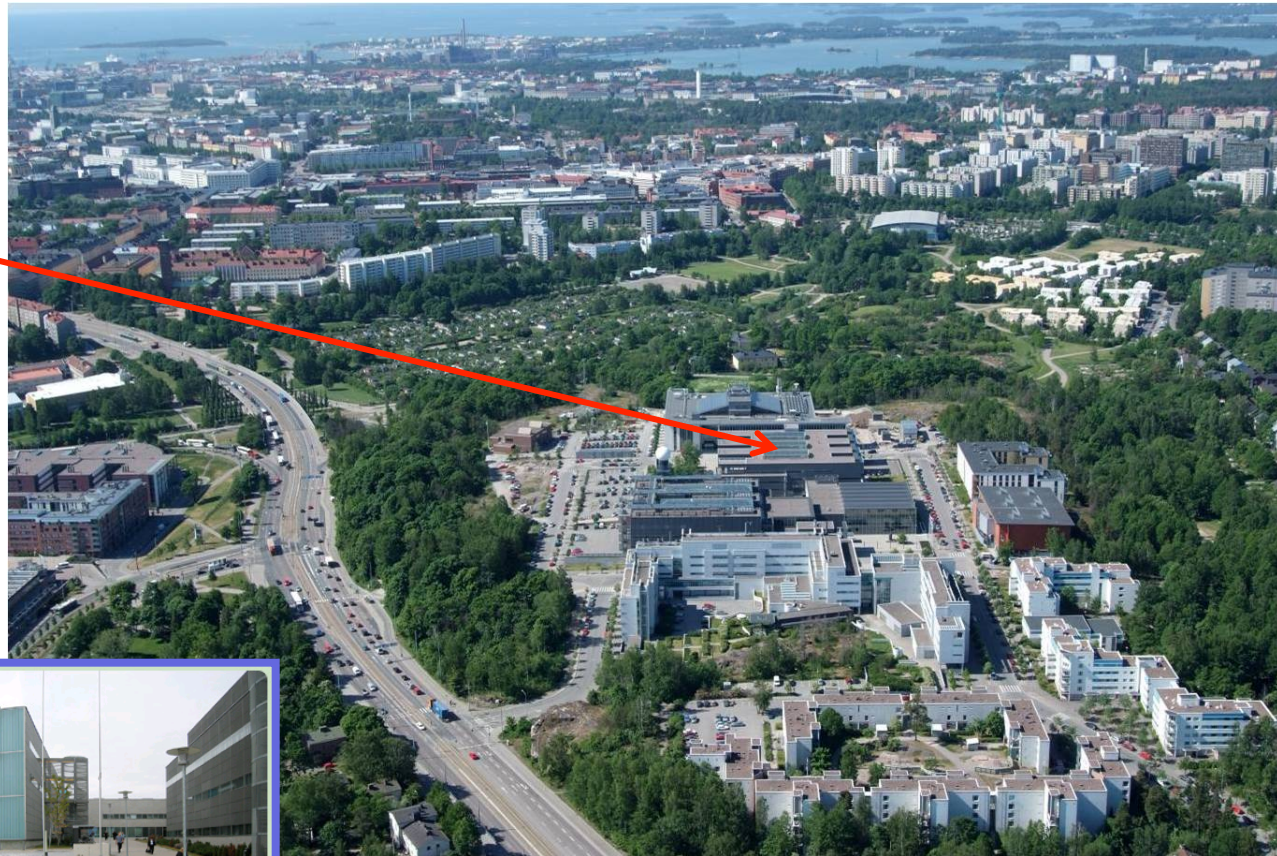


- The largest and the oldest university in Finland
- Key data for 2015
  - 32 000 students
  - 7 900 employees
  - 300 subjects
  - 6 100 degrees/year
  - 530 PhDs/year
- Founded in Turku 1640
- Moved to Helsinki 1828

# Faculty of Science at Kumpula Campus

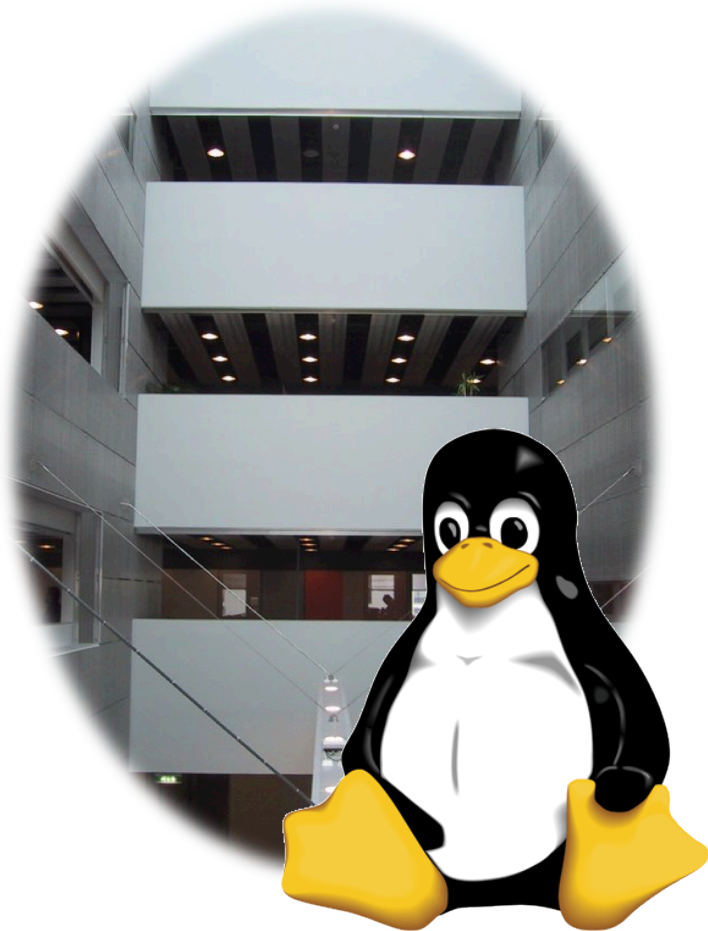
## Departments

- Chemistry
- Computer science
- Geosciences and Geography
- Mathematics and Statistics
- Physics



# 50 Years of Excellence

- **Department of Computer Science**
- Leading institution in Computer Science in Finland
  - #1 in Finland in QS Ranking 2017
  - #1 in Nordic Countries and overall #69 in Times Higher Education 2017
- **Core CS and Data Science**
  - Algorithms, Data Analytics and Machine Learning
  - Software Systems
  - Networking and Services (NODES)
  - Bioinformatics



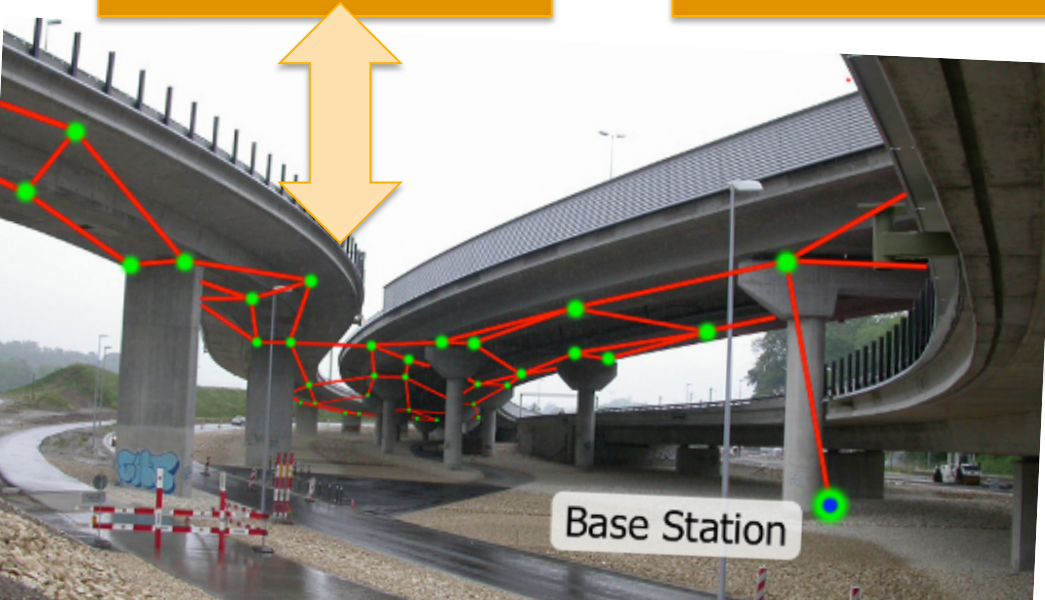
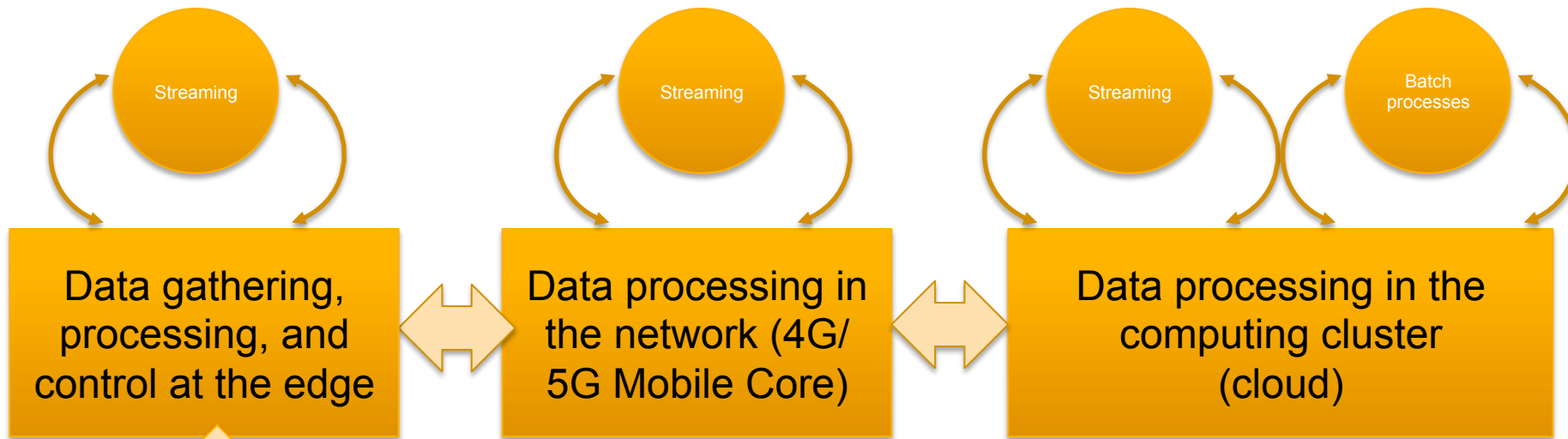


## Current research topics include:

Digital services, IoT security and privacy, software-defined networks, Data Science, ...

### Mobile Edge Computing

### Big Data Frameworks

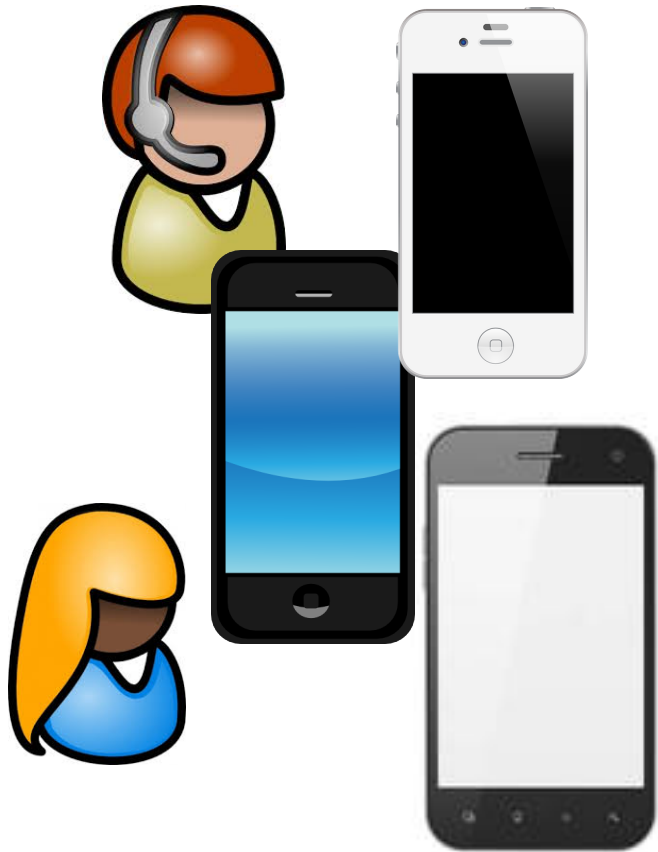


# Mobile Research: Carat

Carat team ([carat.cs.helsinki.fi](http://carat.cs.helsinki.fi))



# Motivation



**Battery  
lifetime?**

**Risk level?**



Many heterogeneous, active devices and many users with different intents. – What kind of behavior is **normal** or **typical**?

# Introducing Carat

Carat is the **first system** to use the mobile device community to detect and correct energy problems

Our method for **diagnosing** energy anomalies uses the community to infer a specification (expected energy use), and we call deviation from that inferred specification an anomaly



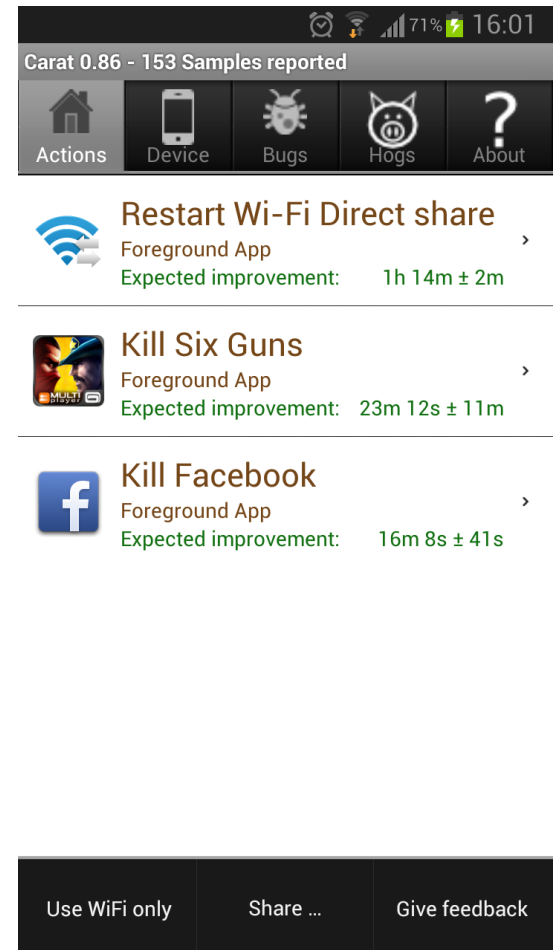
# Carat

- Originated in UC Berkeley, in collaboration with University of Helsinki
- Mobile app for Android and iOS
- Currently over 850 000 users
- >2.5 TB of data, > 250 million measurements
- Research project with many directions
- <http://carat.cs.helsinki.fi>

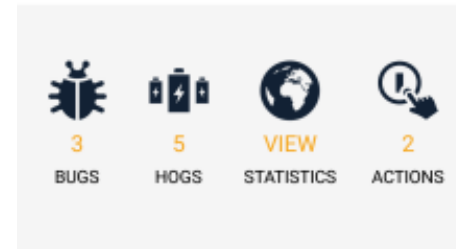
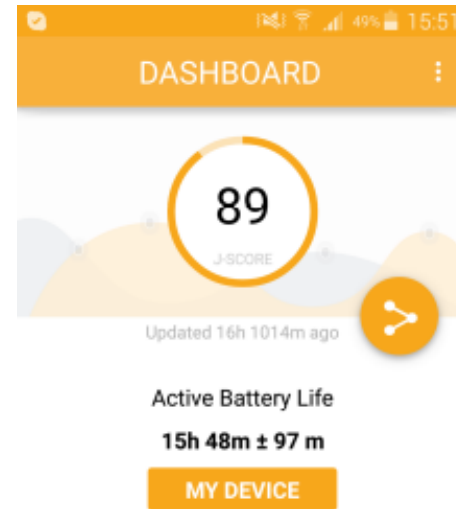
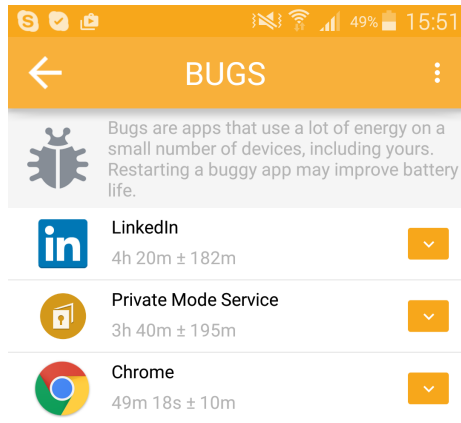


# What is Carat?

- Mobile app shows users advice:  
“Kill Facebook for 16m ± 41s battery life”
- Energy **hogs** and **bugs**
- Tracks user's battery life average since installation
- Places users within community with a ranking called J-Score



# New UI



Comment

36



Like

1k



Tweet



Share

309



171

# Carat: The Brilliant App That Increases Your Battery Life By Showing What Other Apps To Kill



JOSH CONSTINE

Thursday, June 14th, 2012

36 Comments



"Kill Pandora – Expected Battery Life Improvement: 1 hour 50 minutes" This is what you'll learn from **Carat**, an incredibly useful free **new iOS** and **Android app** that's the first to give you personalized mobile battery life-saving recommendations.

Carat quietly takes measurements from you device, does some math, combines it with other people's anonymized data, and sends back tips on if you should update your OS, kill or restart apps, and how many more minutes of tablet or phone fiddling you'll gain.

As battery tech is expected to improve slowly, some say increasing life just 5% a year, and as we get faster processors, more powerful apps, and brighter screens, everyone could use a Carat in their pocket.

# Suddenly...

## t By 'o Kill

36 Comments

Life Improvement: 1 hour  
from **Carat**, an  
Android app that's the  
battery life-saving

s from you device, does  
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# Suddenly...



t  
By  
'o Kill



## Free Carat app finds 'energy hogs,' 'energy bugs' on iOS or Android devices

ANDROID | JUNE 14, 2012 | BY: MICHAEL SANTO

4 Likes, 2 Tweets, 0 +1s, 0 Stumbles, 0 Emails

Get Tech Gear alerts!



Su



# Carat

## Carat: Extend Your Phone's Battery Life

LESLIE HORN JUNE 19, 2012 2:00 PM



Carrier 1:44 PM

Your J-Score: **70** ⓘ  
(Updated 15s ago)

Average Battery Life: **11h 7m 32s**

OS version: **5.1** ⓘ

device model: **Simulator** ⓘ

running apps: [View Process List](#) ⓘ

memory used: ⓘ

memory active: ⓘ

**amplab**  
UC BERKELEY

Carrier 11:35 PM

To improve battery life:

- Restart Evernote  
Expected improvement: 4
- Upgrade the Operating System  
Expected improvement:
- Help Spread the Word!  
Expected improvement:

(Updated 1d 4h 27m 1s)

Actions My Device Hog Report Bug Report About



Carrier 1:44 PM

Your J-Score: **70** ⓘ  
(Updated 15s ago)

Average Battery Life: **11h 7m 32s**

OS version: **5.1** ⓘ

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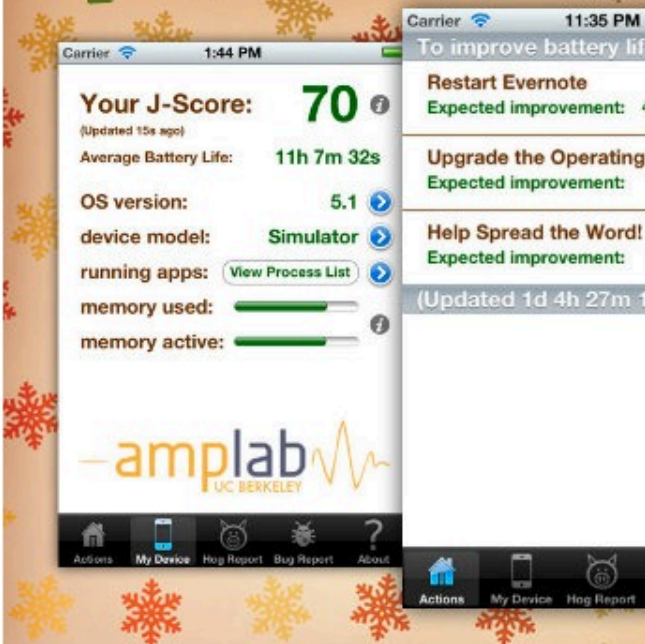
# Carat



# Su

## Carat: Extend Your Phone's Battery Life

LESLIE HORN JUNE 19, 2012 2:00 PM



Topic: iPhone

## iOS and Android app helps you get more from your battery

**Summary:** Carat has been developed by a team of scientists from the UC Berkeley electrical engineering and computer science department's Algorithms, Machines, and People Laboratory (AMP Lab).



By [Adrian Kingsley-Hughes](#) for [Hardware 2.0](#) | June 15, 2012 -- Updated 10:21 GMT (03:21 PDT)

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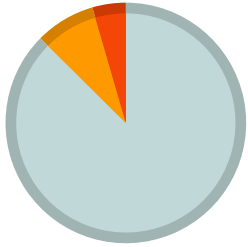


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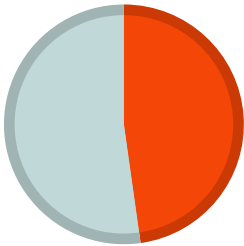
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# Statistics (October 2016)



471 645 Android and iOS apps  
10% energy hogs, 4% energy bugs



50% of devices have at least one energy bug



Android has a long tail of different device types.

# The Carat project: System

Smartphones  
with Carat  
Applications



Load  
Balancer



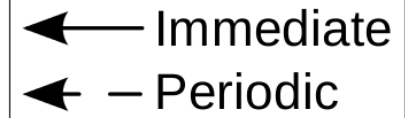
Carat  
Servers



Large  
Synchronized  
Storage



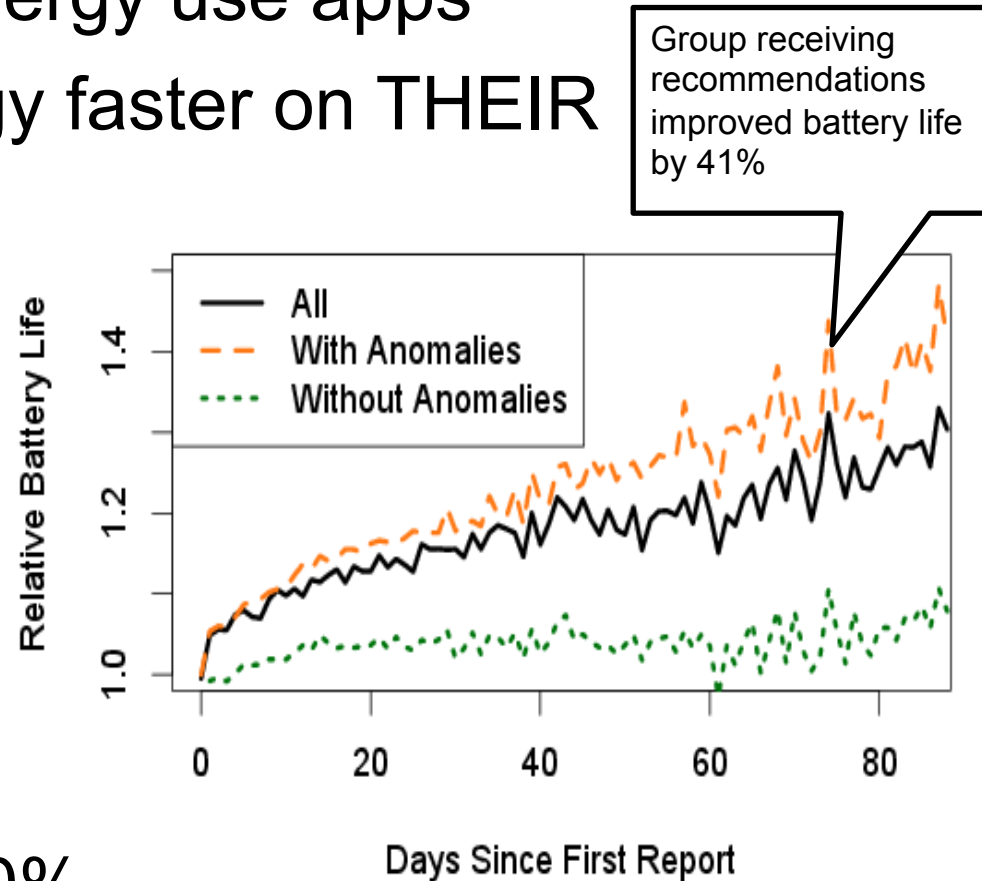
Carat Analysis on a  
Spark Computing Cluster



# What is Carat?

- Users see Hogs, high energy use apps
- And Bugs that use energy faster on THEIR device than on others
- Users with these issues quickly see battery life benefits once they are addressed

- Average improvement 20%
- Those with energy anomalies can improve 41%

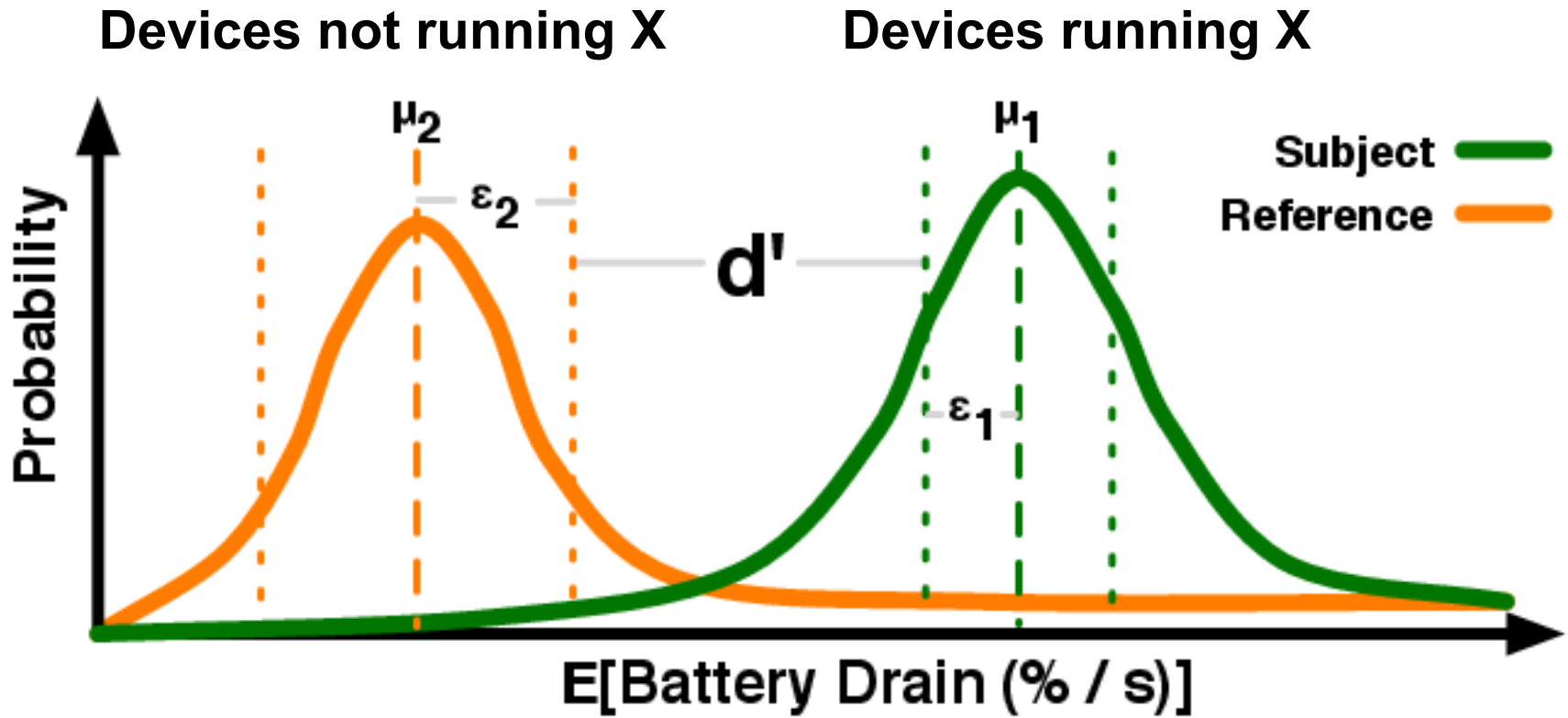


# The Data Analysis

- Samples are combined to obtain energy drain probability distributions (with features)
  - Users, Apps, App and User pairs, OS versions, Device models
- Distributions are compared using the distance between their 95% confidence interval error bars
  - If a distribution has a positive distance from another and a higher mean, it is a:
    - **Hog** (for an app vs the distribution for other apps)
    - **Bug** (for app & user combination vs other users of the same app)

# Hogs and Bugs

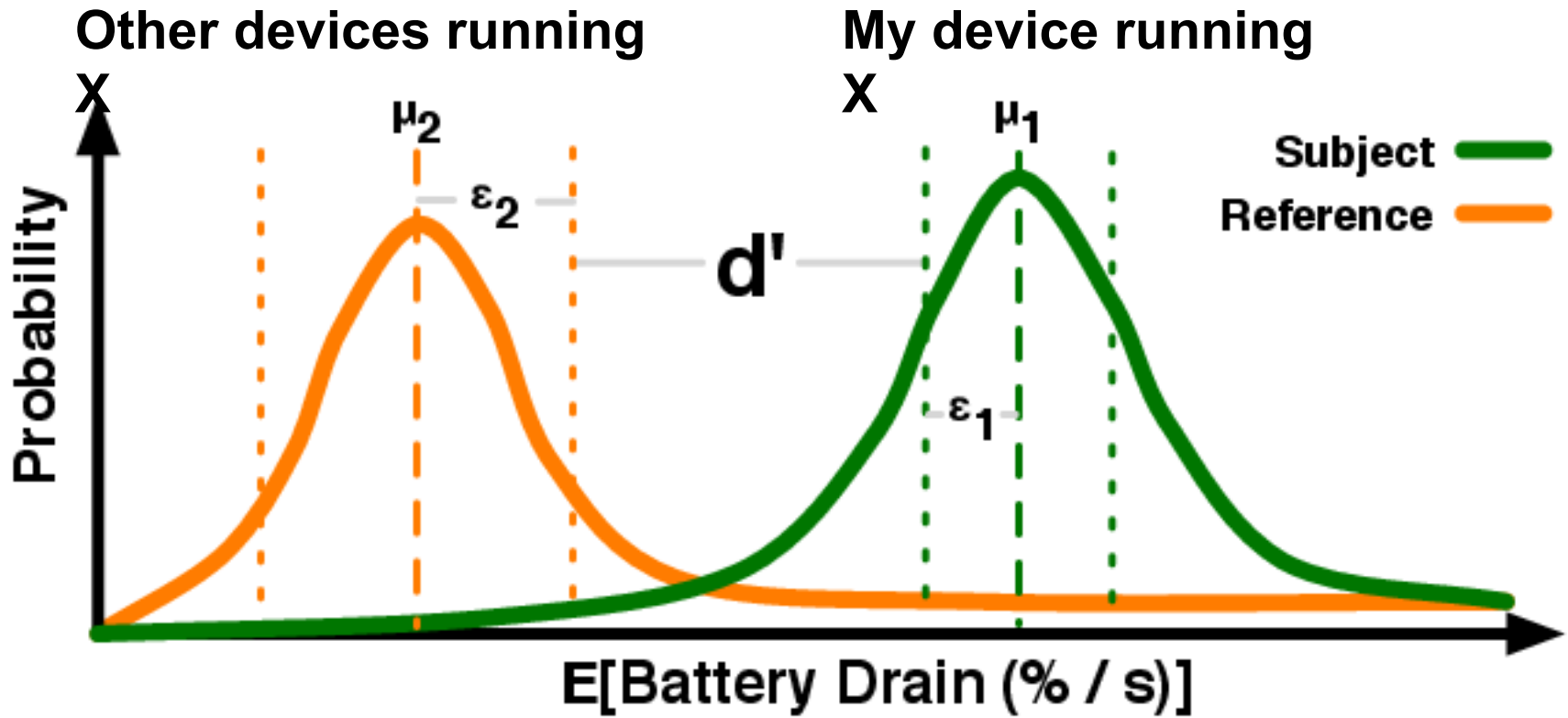
## HOGS



...

# Hogs and Bugs

## BUGS



...

# Collaborative Data Gathering

Each device collects: Battery life, timestamp, running apps, context/system settings

The data is combined and the results for your apps and your device are sent back to you

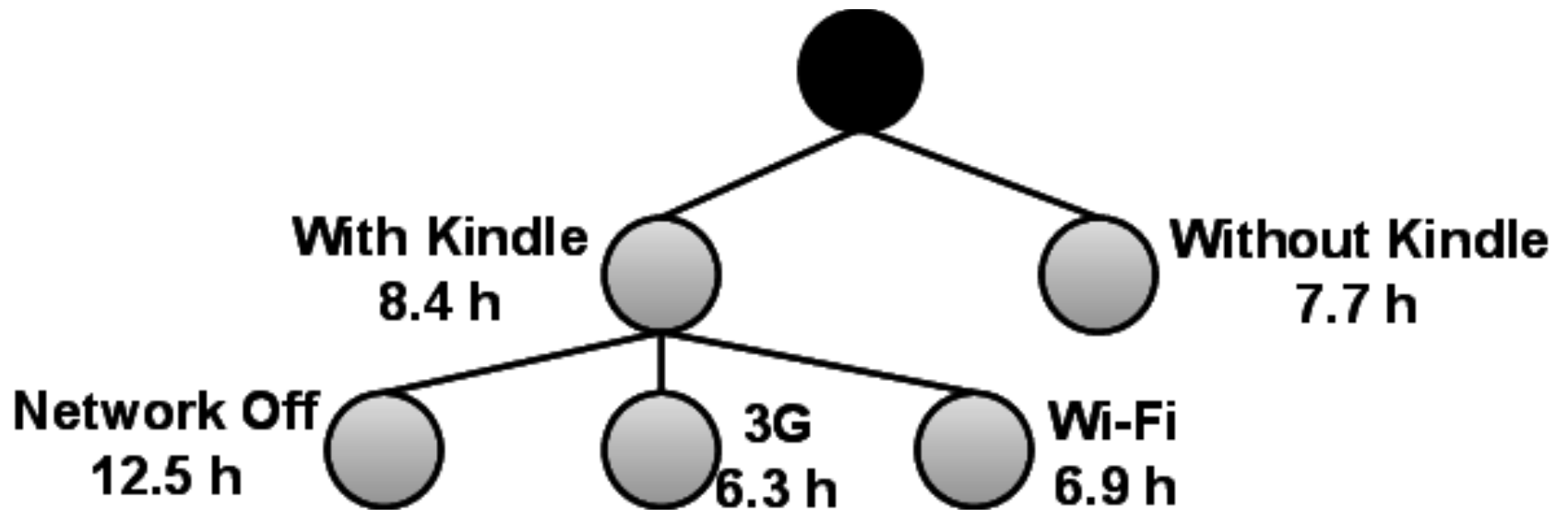
Context feature analysis: how various context features affect the energy consumption of the device

Collaborative aspect: We observe trends in the community, as well as how your device is different

**The method can be used for phones, sensors, houses, base stations, servers, laptops, ... anything that generates measurements**



# Example: The Kindle WhisperSync bug



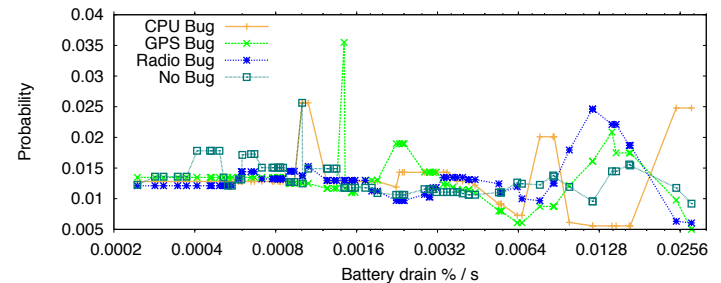
The decision tree allows “what-if” analysis and the generation of recommendations

# Project Infrastructure

- Data Analysis: Amazon EC2
  - 10 x X-Large VM (4 cores, 15G memory)
- Server facing mobile devices: Amazon EC2
  - 4 x medium VM (1 core, 4G memory)
  - Load balancer, independent DNS name for easy changing of infrastructure when required
- Amazon S3
  - Storage of data (incoming 0.5-1.0 GB / week)

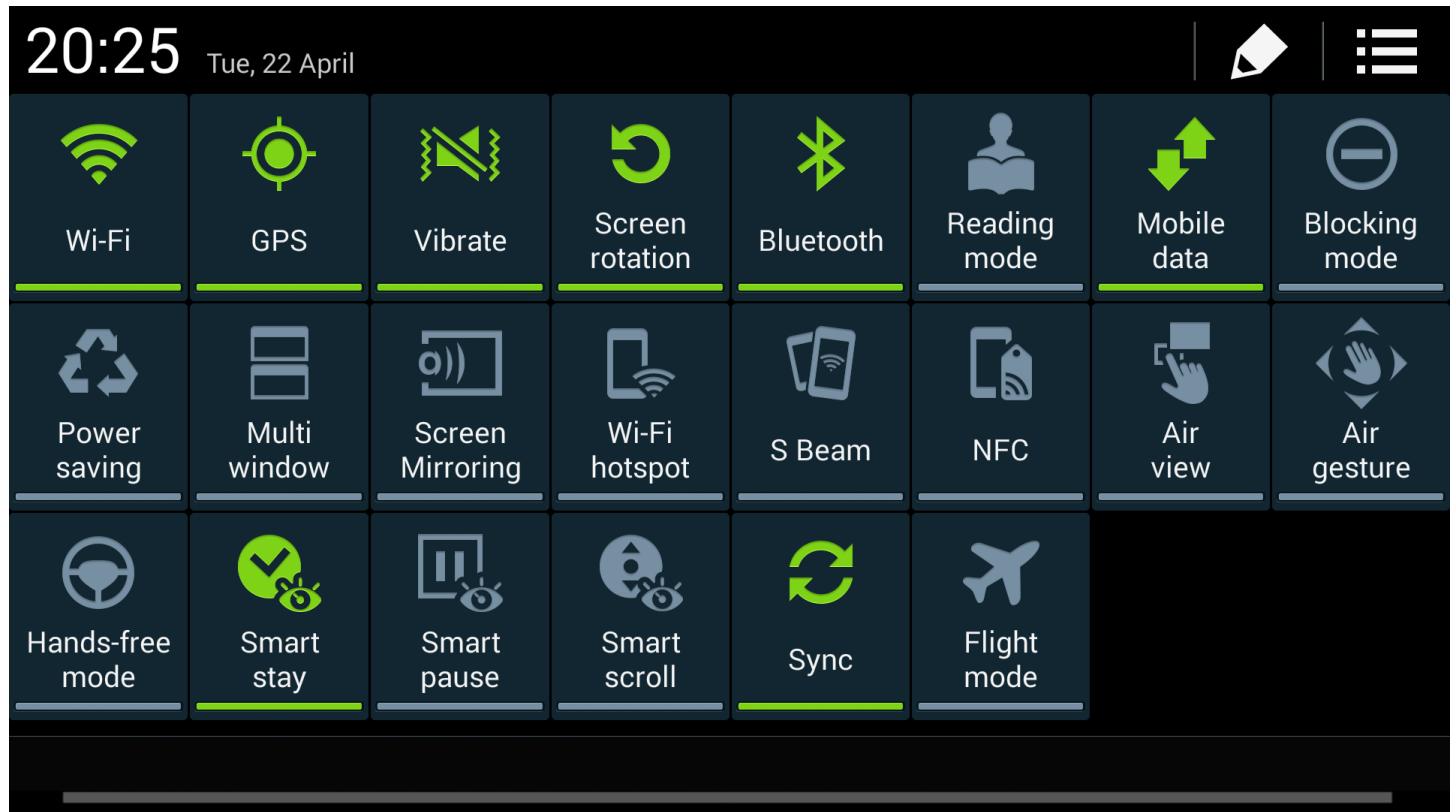
# Lessons learned

- Research prototype != product
- It is not easy to scale
  - 100 000 users in one day when we launched
  - Scaling will cost, cloud is not free
  - Managing clusters is not easy
- Design system so that it can evolve (no hardcoding, extensible formats)
- Validation is not easy
  - Ground truth
  - Injected bugs, validated bugs





# Energy efficient configuration?





# Energy efficient configuration?

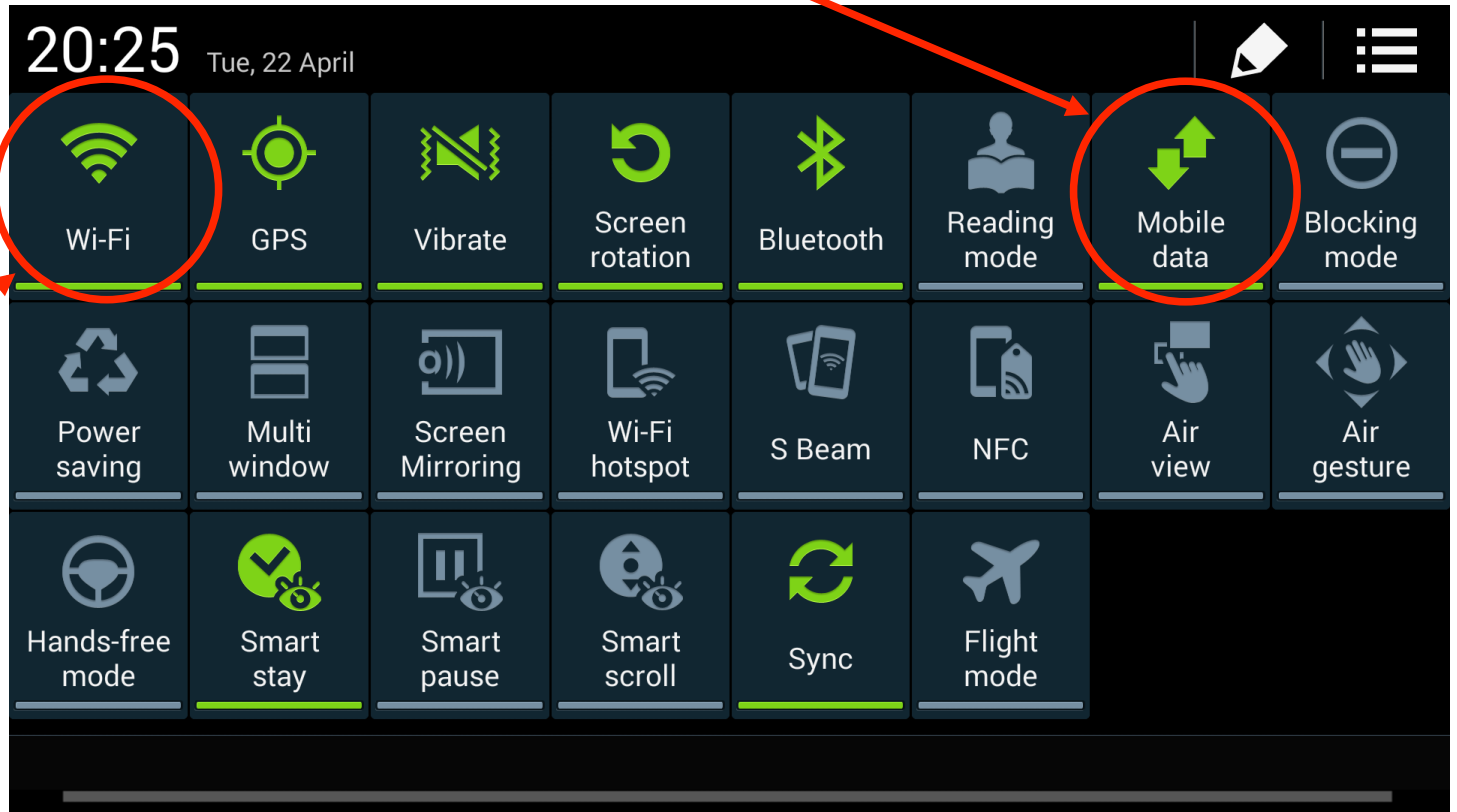


Network type



# Energy efficient configuration?

Mobile settings



Network type

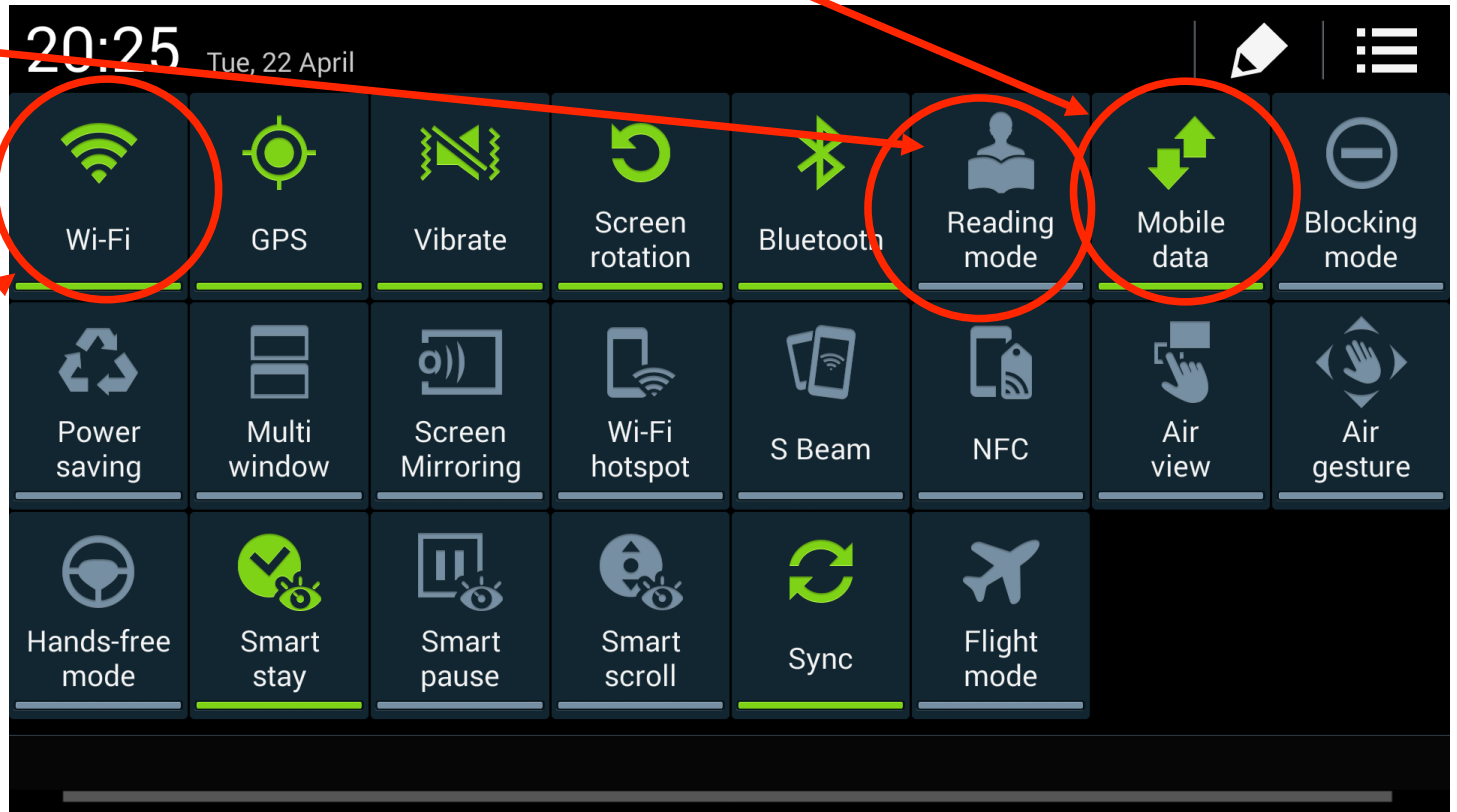


# Energy efficient configuration?

## Mobile settings

Screen  
Brightness

Network type

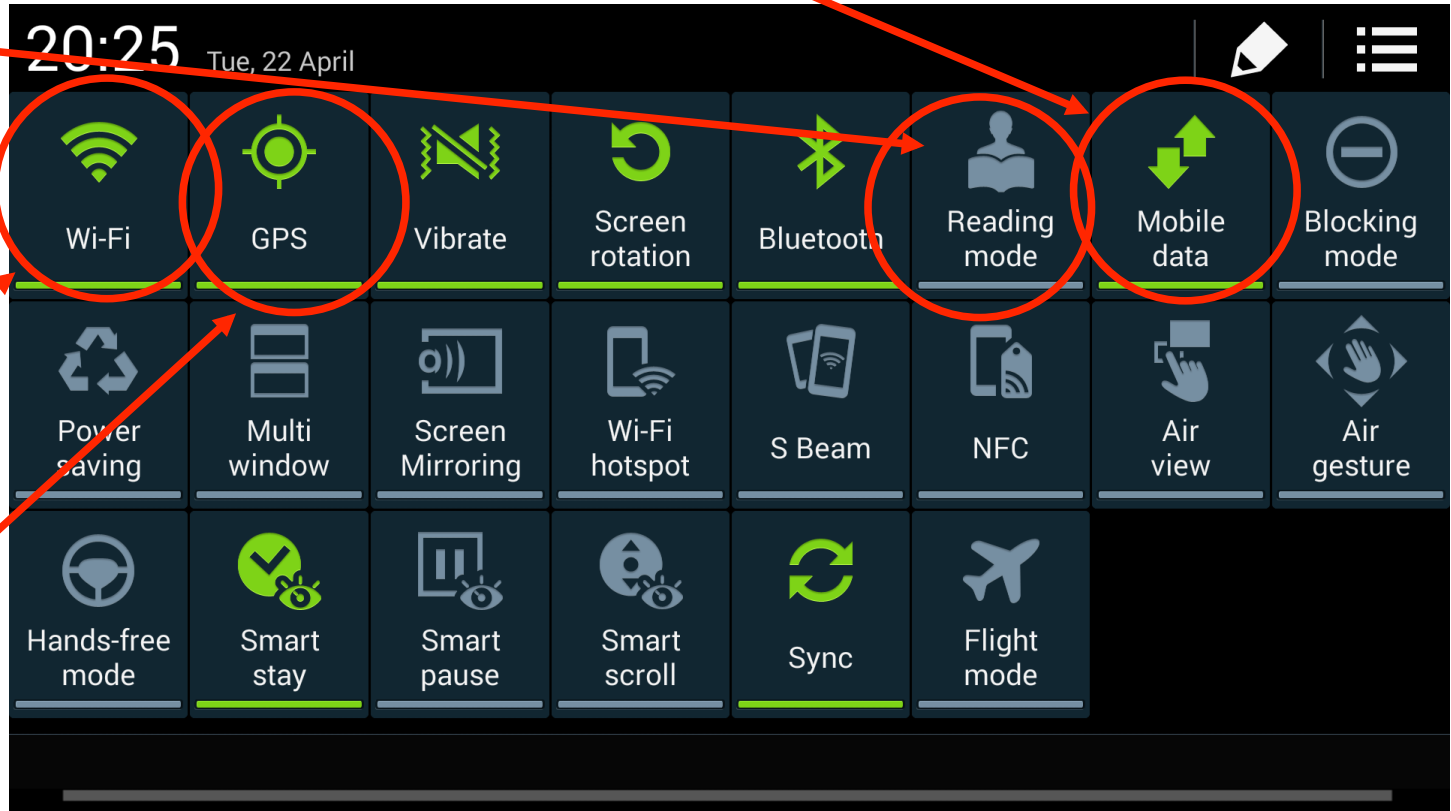




# Energy efficient configuration?

## Mobile settings

Screen  
Brightness



Network type

Moving or not?





# Selected findings

---

- Wi-Fi signal strength dropping one bar can result in over 13% battery loss
- High temperature can cause 50% battery loss, and high temperature is not always related to high CPU load
- Automatic screen brightness is, in the most cases, better than manual setting
- In addition to CPU, battery temperature and distance traveled are useful in predicting battery lifetime



# Battery lifetime – an example

Battery Temperature	Distance Traveled	CPU Use Level	Screen Brightness	Estimated Battery Life (h)
Under 30°C	>0	Low	Automatic	8.83 – 9.12
Under 30°C	>0	Low	Manual	8.49 – 8.82
Under 30°C	>0	High	Automatic	8.09 – 8.24
Under 30°C	>0	Medium	Automatic	7.65 – 7.89
Under 30°C	>0	Medium	Manual	7.34 – 7.60
Under 30°C	>0	High	Manual	7.27 – 7.41
Under 30°C	None	Medium	Automatic	6.57 – 6.64
Under 30°C	None	Low	Automatic	6.28 – 6.35
Under 30°C	None	Medium	Manual	6.13 – 6.20
Under 30°C	None	Low	Manual	5.88 – 5.96
Under 30°C	None	High	Automatic	5.78 – 5.82
Over 30°C	>0	Low	Automatic	5.08 – 5.22
Under 30°C	None	High	Manual	5.00 – 5.04
Over 30°C	>0	Low	Manual	4.73 – 4.88
Over 30°C	>0	High	Automatic	4.62 – 4.69
Over 30°C	>0	Medium	Automatic	4.59 – 4.70
Over 30°C	>0	Medium	Manual	4.28 – 4.39
Over 30°C	None	Medium	Automatic	4.25 – 4.29
Over 30°C	>0	High	Manual	4.08 – 4.14

**Just want to play a game?  
High CPU use?**



# Battery lifetime

→ 98% better expected battery life

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[2] Ella Peltonen, Eemil Lagerspetz, Petteri Nurmi, and Sasu Tarkoma. Energy Modeling of System Settings: A Crowdsourced Approach. PerCom '15. Best Paper Award.

# The PADS Project

The PADS project will develop new privacy enhancing algorithms and methods for **Data Science**

## **Two methodological goals**

- Develop the algorithmic framework for privacy-aware predictive modelling, and
- Scalable implementation of the framework

## **Two key use cases**

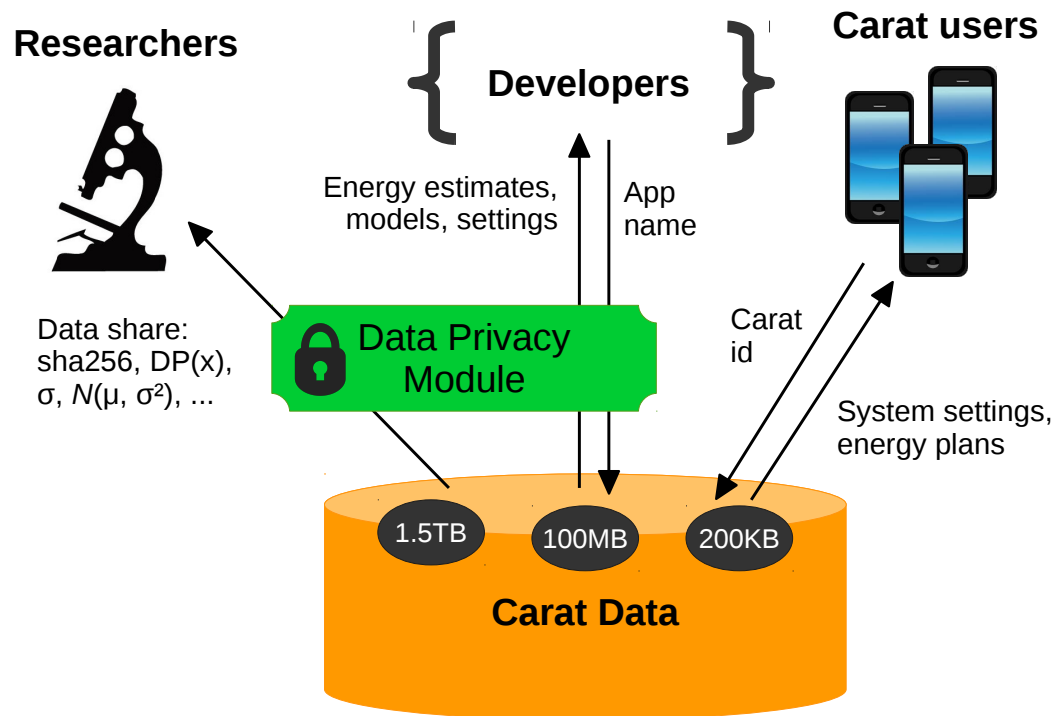
- Large-scale genome data processing and sharing for personalized medicine, and
- Mobile and environmental sensing

# Research status

Mobile sensing data analysis in progress

Full paper prepared based on questionnaire study

Privacy SDK outlined in the recent Big Data workshop paper.



# Malware Infection Rates

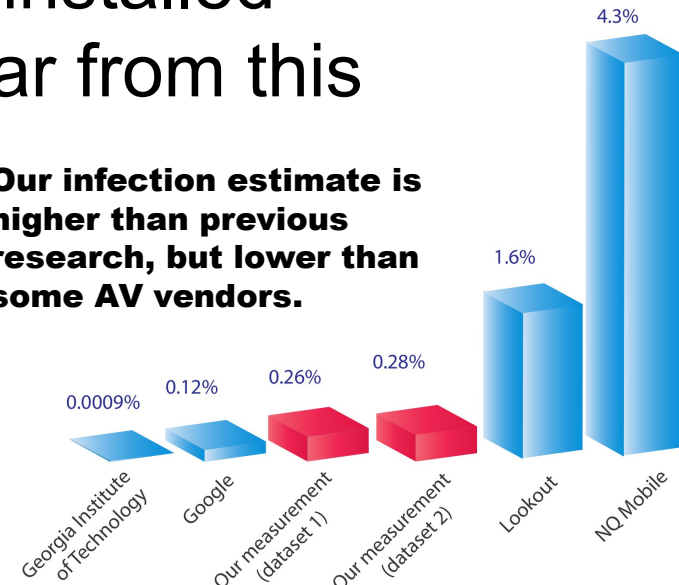
We studied malware based on the dataset McAfee, Mobile Sandbox, MalGenome, ...

Malware infection rates are higher than conservative estimates (0.26% of devices)

Google says 0.12% of manually installed packages are malware, not very far from this number

Lookout Antivirus predicts >1%

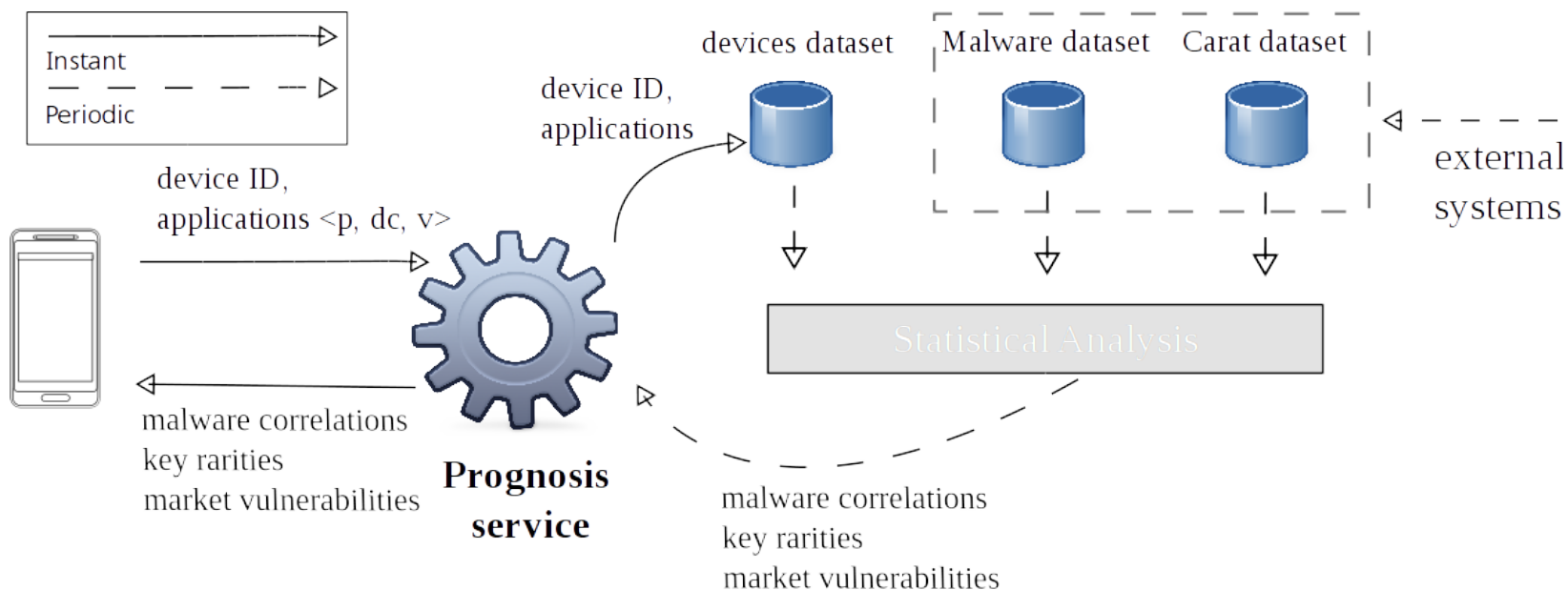
**Our infection estimate is higher than previous research, but lower than some AV vendors.**



# An Early Warning System for Malware

A lightweight technique for identifying devices at risk  
By looking at applications that occur with malware, it is possible to predict infection 5x better than choosing devices at random

- Useful for administrators, organisations (**Bring Your Own Device** scenario)

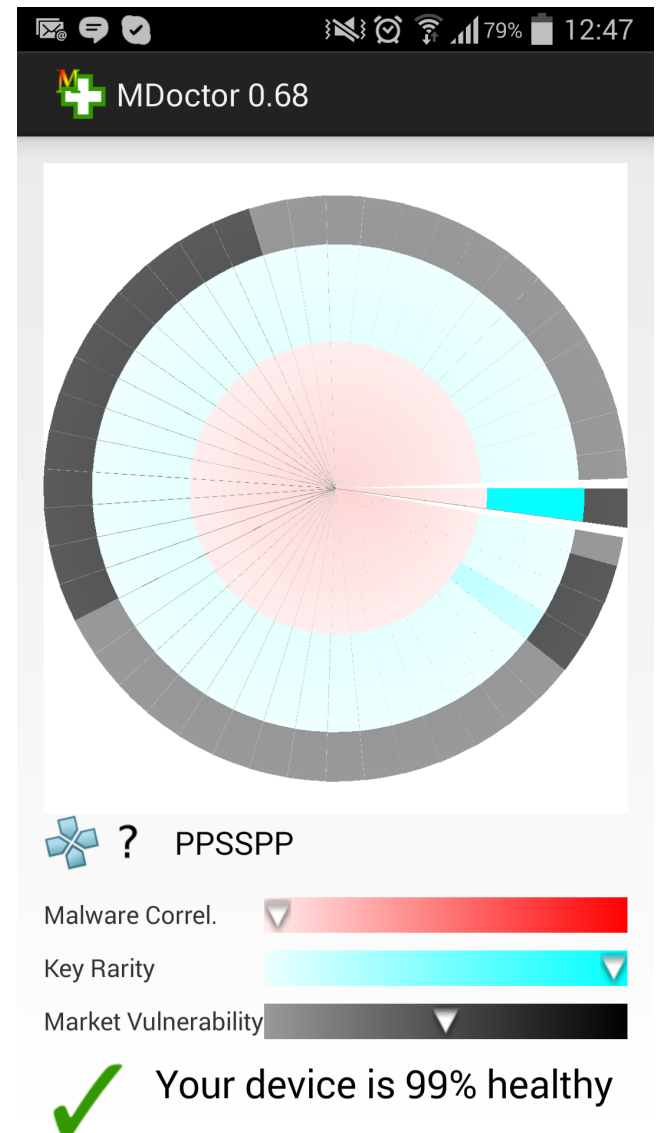


# MDoctor: Increasing Awareness of Infection Vulnerability

MDoctor shows status of applications according to a malware dataset

Infection vulnerability can be seen from device health

Three metrics for application analysis: malware correlation, key rarity, and market vulnerability

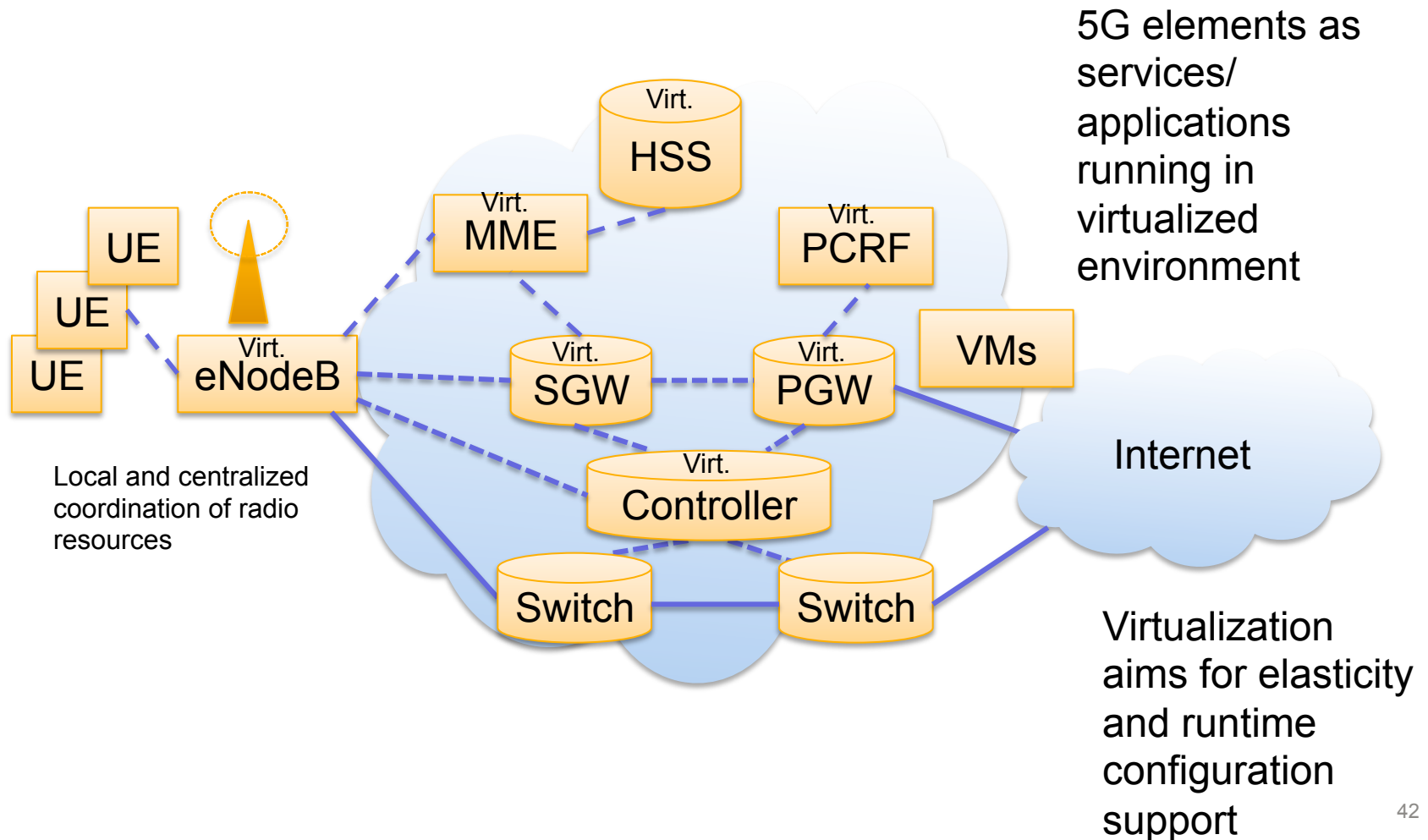




# 5G Research



# Starting point in 2014: LTE RAN and EPC with SDN and Cloud



# NOKIA CENTER FOR ADVANCED RESEARCH (NCAR)

The Nokia logo, consisting of the word "NOKIA" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font.

HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO  
HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET  
UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI

The logo "A?", where the letter "A" is black and the question mark is yellow.

NCAR was launched in April 2016 and is a joint research center with University of Helsinki, Aalto University, and Nokia.

To foster **wider cooperation** between the universities and Nokia to enable **cross-unit research** delivering high quality results: thesis, publications, holistic concepts and demos.

A background pattern of blue, 3D-looking geometric shapes, possibly representing a soundproofing foam or a crystalline structure, with varying shades of blue and white highlights.

[ncar.cs.helsinki.fi](http://ncar.cs.helsinki.fi)

# Highlights

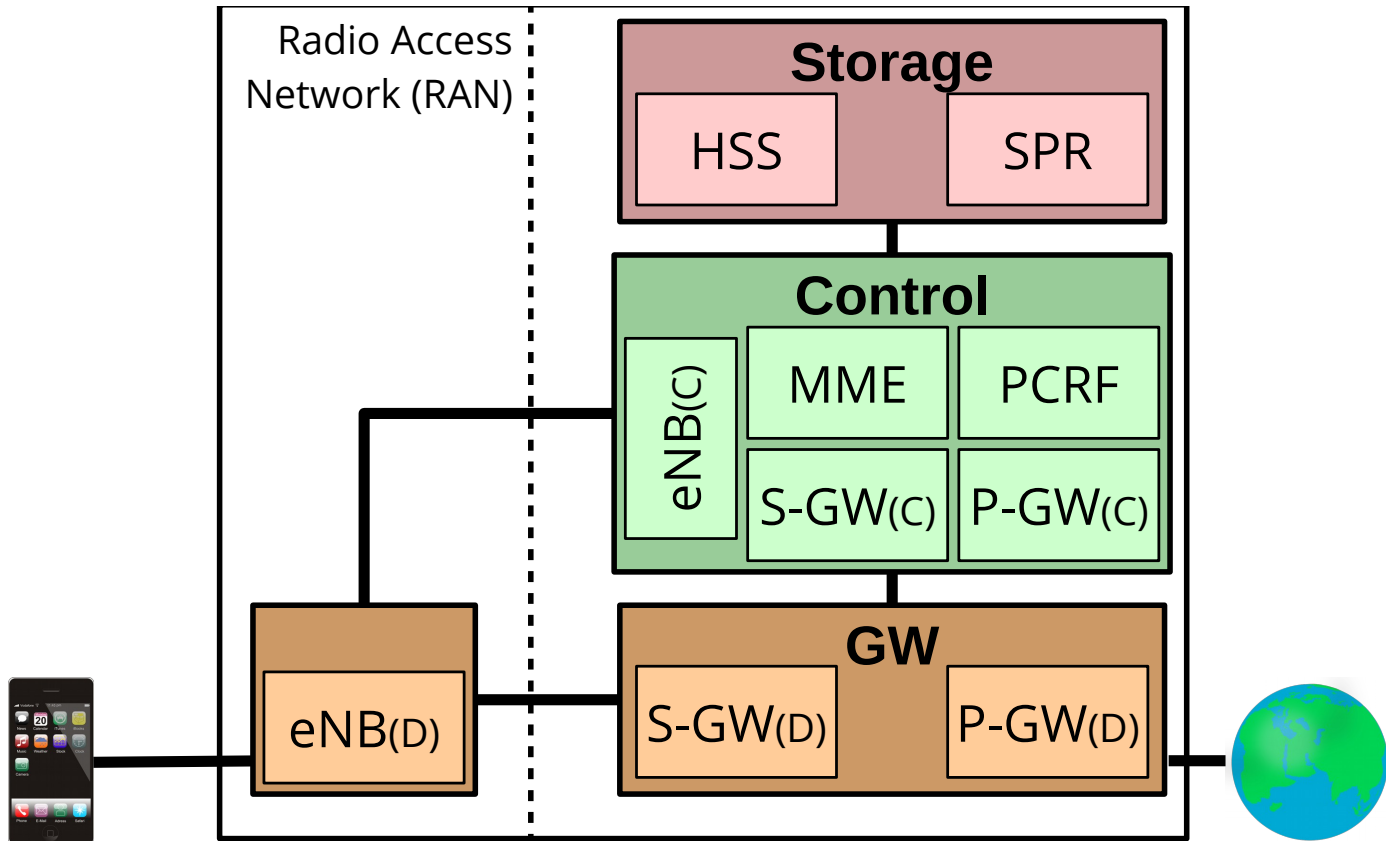
Refactoring Approach for Optimizing Mobile Networks

Coreless Mobile Networks: A state management perspective

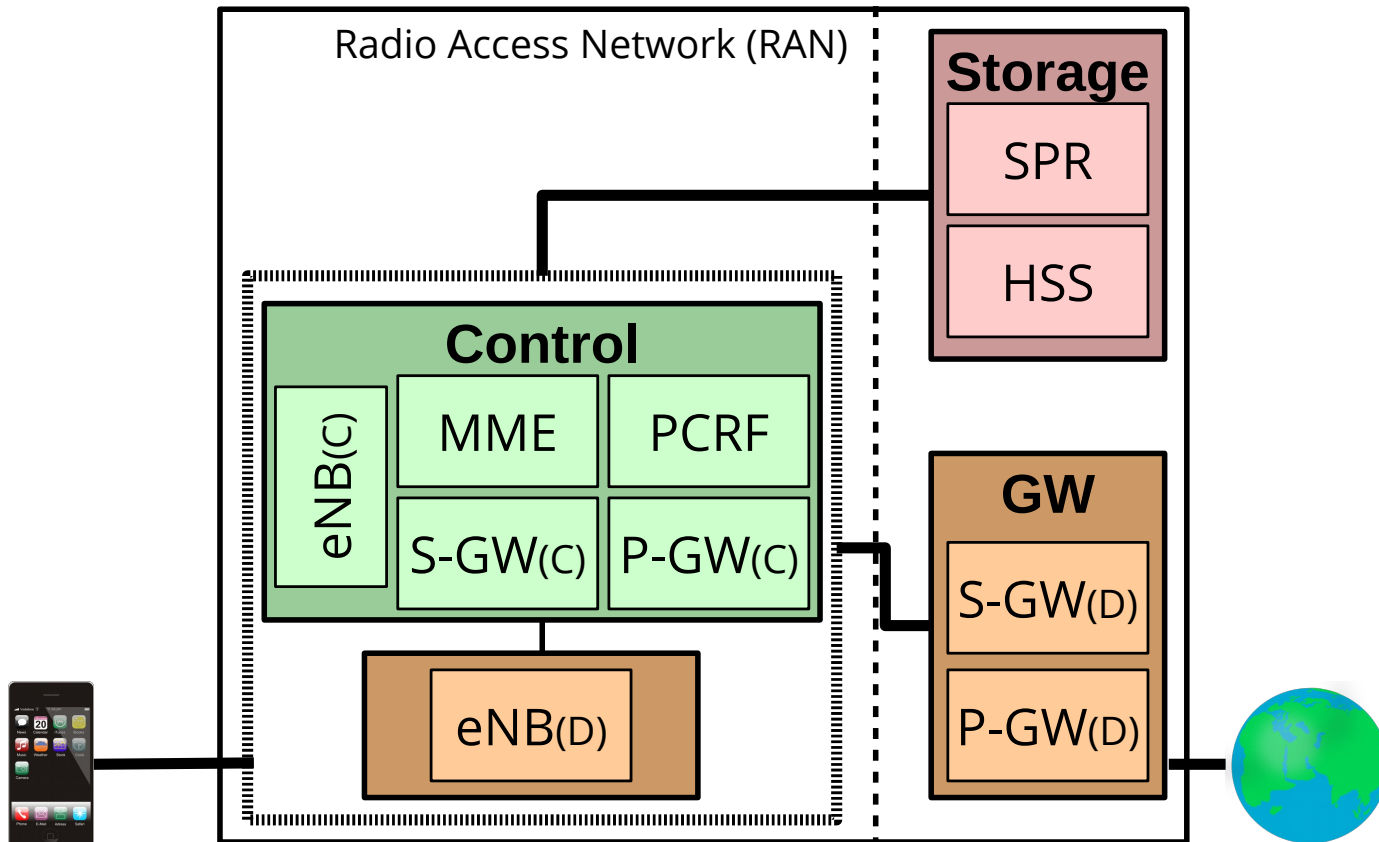
Off-the-Shelf Software-defined Wireless Networks

Service Function Chaining: Enabling Technologies and Protocols

# Refactoring: Thin Edge



# Refactoring: Intelligent Edge

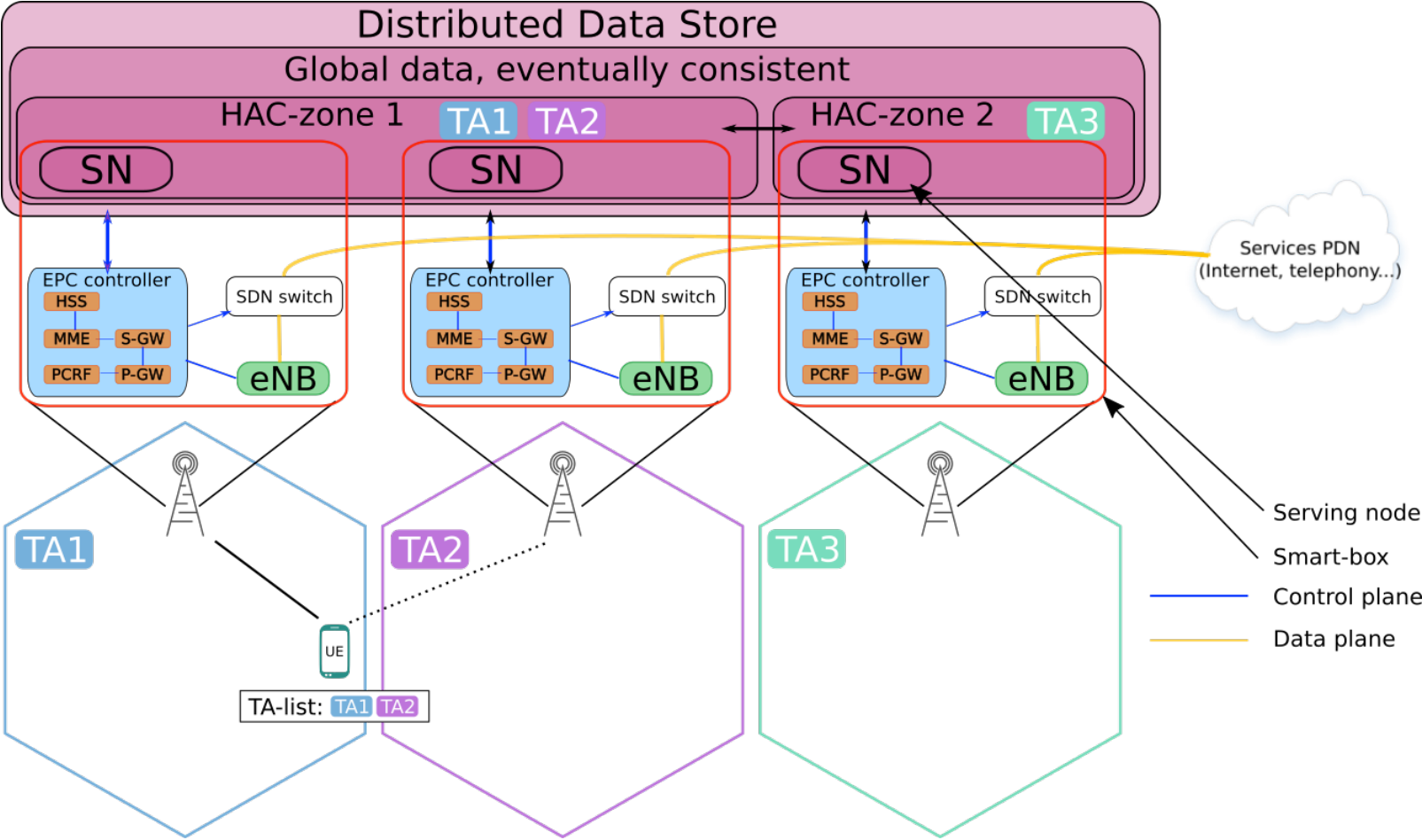


# Refactoring Approach for Optimizing Mobile Networks

<i>Implementation</i>	<i>Total number of signals per event</i>				<i>Handover (S1H)</i>
	<i>Initial Attach</i>	<i>Active to Idle</i>	<i>Idle to Active (UE)</i>	<i>Idle to Active (Net)</i>	
<i>LTE (Baseline)</i>	35	6	13	17	22
<i>Thin Edge</i>	<b>24</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>
<i>Intelligent Edge</i>	<b>17</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>

**A Refactoring Approach for Optimizing Mobile Networks.** Matteo Pozza, Ashwin Rao, Armir Abujari, Claudio Pallazi, Hannu Flinck, and Sasu Tarkoma. *Paper in IEEE ICC 2017*

# Coreless Mobile Networks: A state management perspective





# Implications

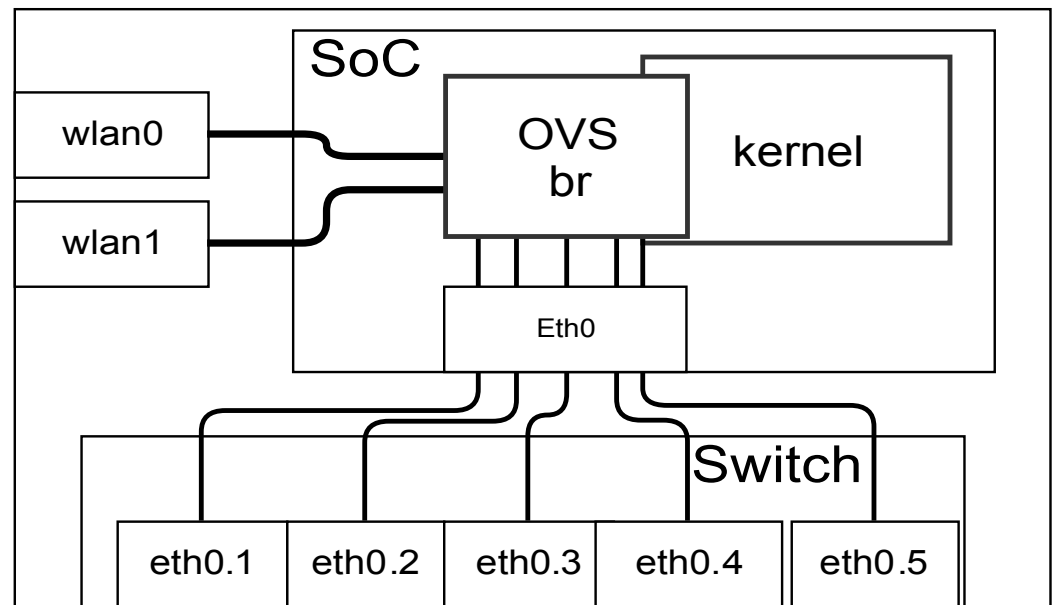
In theory, if the data store is the bottleneck, our results indicate the following numbers for a simulation of 15 eNB:

Current deployments are seeing a maximum of 1000 UE / eNB  
UE per area increases depending on configuration: ~84 - 740 x

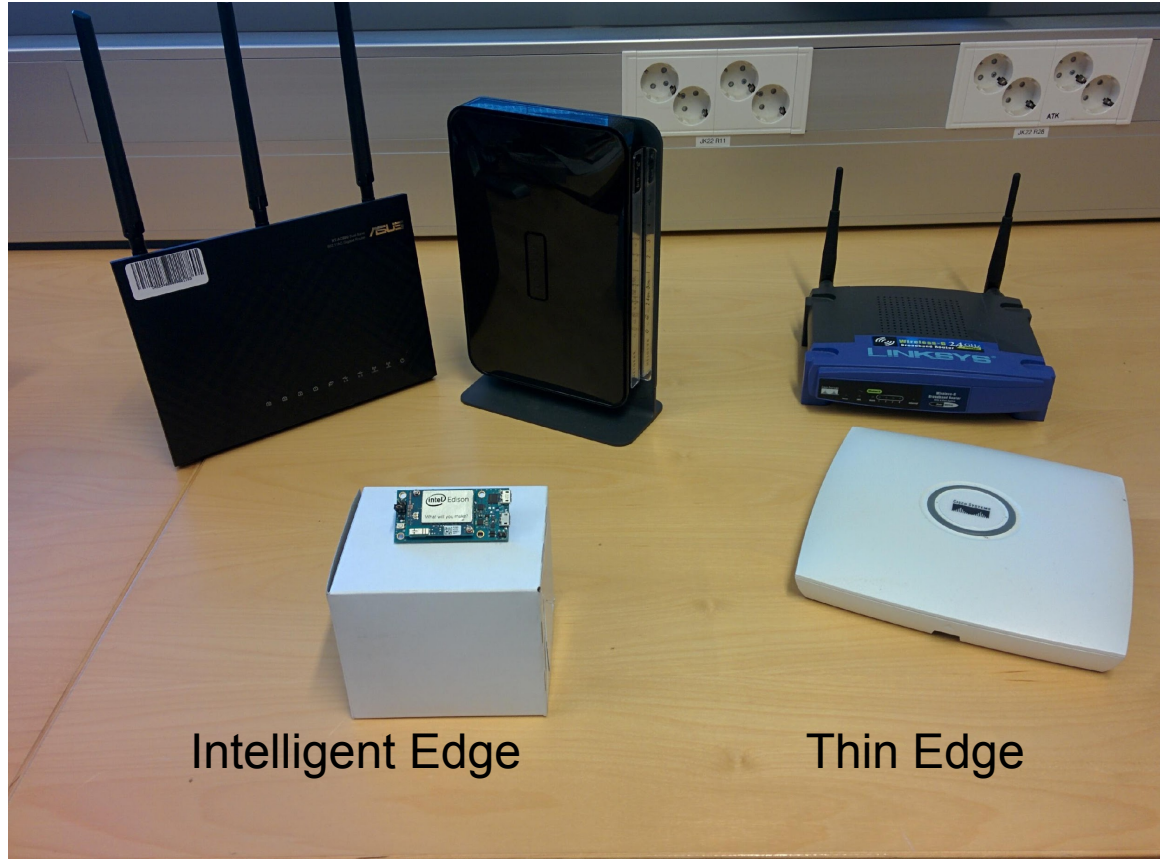
**5G prospects 100 - 1000 x**

# Off-the-Shelf Software-defined Wireless Networks

- OVS in base station
- Use Wireless Isolation to force flows to OVS.
  - Either all packets or just ARP queries depending on implementation.
- Can be used with OpenWrt capable APs or with (at least some) enterprise APs
- Two approaches, Intelligent and Thin Edge
- Thin edge:
  - Traffic is forced to flow through external host.



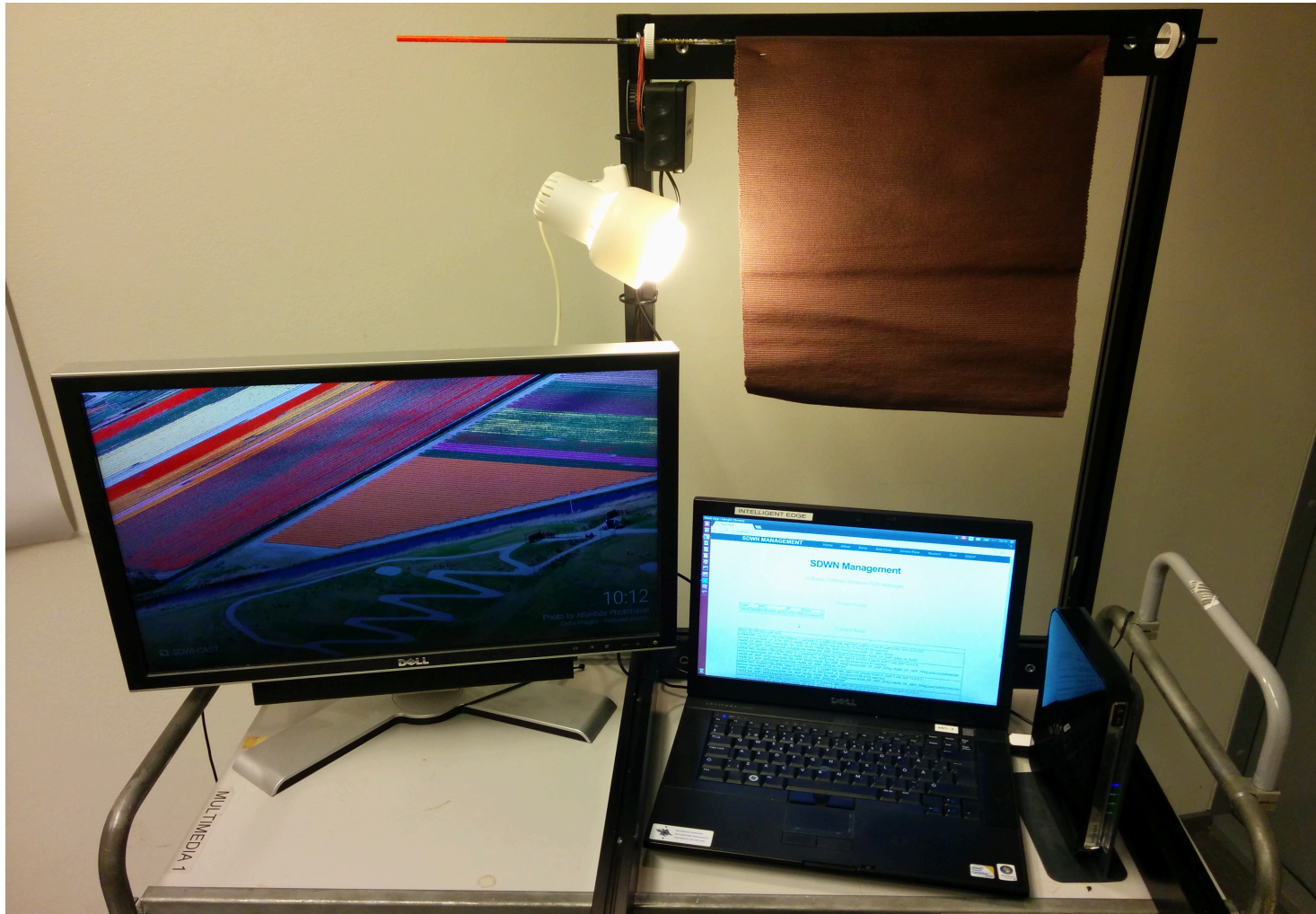
# Deployable on Off-the-Shelf Devices



Intelligent Edge

Thin Edge

# Unified Mobile Edge for IoT Devices



IoT hub running at the edge as an SFC service



# Thank You!

[www.cs.helsinki.fi](http://www.cs.helsinki.fi)  
[carat.cs.helsinki.fi](http://carat.cs.helsinki.fi)  
[ncar.cs.helsinki.fi](http://ncar.cs.helsinki.fi)